# **Investors Calendar**

#### 04-Feb-2024

Announcement of the Board's recommendation to increase capital through the issuance of bonus shares

#### 07-Feb-2024

results for 2023

#### 18-Feb-2024

Release of the year-end financial Sponsorship of the Saudi Capital Market Forum F24

#### 27-Mar-2024

The 2023 Annual Report was published

#### 14-Mar-2024

Announcement of results of Purchase for its Shares (Multiple phases)

#### 05-Mar-2024

Participation in the EFG Hermes One on One Investor Conference in Dubai

## 29-Apr-2024

- Announcement of the Q1 2024 interim financial results
- Conveying of the **Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting**

#### 11-Jun-2024

Announcement regarding the deposit of proceeds from the sale of fractional shares resulting from the capital increase into shareholders' portfolios

## 05-Aug-2024

Release of the Q2 2024 interim financial results

#### 09-Sep-2024

Participation in the EFG Hermes One on One Investor Conference in London

#### 08-Sep-2024

Participation in the Goldman Sachs Annual CEEMEA Financials Symposium

#### 05-Sep-2024

The board of director's resolution to distribute Interim cash dividends for the first Half of 2024 announcement

#### 23-Oct-2024

Release of the Q3 2024 interim financial results

#### 15-Dec-2024

- Announcement of the opening of the Nomination for Membership of the Board of Directors for the upcoming term
- The 2023 Sustainability Report was published

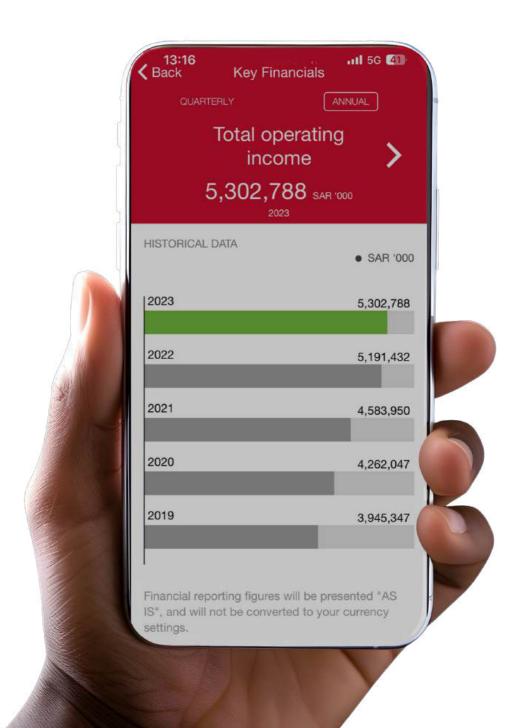
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# Market **Picture**

# **Embracing a Digitalized Kingdom**

## **Kingdom's Economy Overview**

In 2024, Saudi Arabia sustained its robust The data shows that Saudi Arabia's economic economic performance, reflecting through a year-on-year real GDP growth of approximately 2.8% by the third quarter<sup>1</sup>. This growth was measurable results in 2024. The country's steady underpinned by ongoing structural reforms GDP expansion and increasing role of non-oil under Vision 2030, aimed at reducing dependence on oil revenues, expanding the non-oil private sector, and fostering a more compete effectively in the global marketplace. business-friendly environment. Non-oil sectors particularly shone, growing by about 4.3% in Q3 2024<sup>2</sup>, and illustrating a significant shift towards a more diversified economic base. Strategic initiatives, as outlined in the Ministry of Finance's 2024 Budget, channeled investments into crucial areas such as infrastructure, workforce development, and capacity building, enhancing the nation's resilience against external economic shocks<sup>3</sup>.

Mega-projects like NEOM and The Red Sea Project moved significantly forward, driving infrastructure developments, which in turn attracted substantial foreign investment, topping USD 20 billion (共75 billion) by mid-year, up from around USD 17 billion (463.7 billion) the previous year3. This influx of capital, coupled with a diversifying economic landscape, underscored the Kingdom's emergence as a global investment destination poised for sustained, long-term growth.

reforms, prudent fiscal policies, and strategic investments in landmark projects delivered sectors signaled an economic structure that was more resilient, outward-facing, and ready to

foreign investment, topping USD 20 BILLION by mid-year, up from around BILLION the previous year

<sup>1</sup> General Authority for Statistics (GASTAT) <sup>2</sup> UNCTAD 2024

<sup>3</sup> Ministry of Finance

# **Sectorial Contributions** to the GDP

By the third quarter of 2024, non-oil sectors collectively contributed approximately 52% of Saudi Arabia's GDP<sup>4</sup>, a notable rise from the roughly 48% observed a year earlier, citing the successful diversification efforts away from hydrocarbon dependency. While the oil and gas sector remained a major economic component, accounting for about 30% of the GDP, strategic management under OPEC+ agreements helped stabilize market prices and secure revenue streams⁵.

the success of diversification strategies. Tourism, real estate, finance, manufacturing, and agriculture all posted commendable growth, demonstrating that reforms and investment policies are steadily broadening the economic base. This structural change helps insulate the Kingdom from commodity price swings, ensuring a more stable and inclusive growth trajectory.

non-oil sectors' majority share of GDP highlights

The tourism sector saw significant growth, fueled by enhanced e-visa processes and vigorous international marketing campaigns. By mid-2024, international arrivals reached approximately 23 million, a 20% rise over the same period in 2023, stimulating revenue in hospitality, entertainment, and retail<sup>6</sup>. Real estate transaction volumes in Riyadh and Jeddah climbed by about 12% year-on-year, driven by confidence in the Kingdom's urban development initiatives<sup>7</sup>. The financial services sector grew by nearly 8%, propelled by Saudi Central Bank's regulatory reforms that encouraged innovation and competition in banking, insurance, and capital markets<sup>8</sup>.

The manufacturing sector also recorded around 6% growth, as modernized industrial zones and free economic areas lured foreign manufacturers9. Agriculture advanced by about 4%, bolstered by precision irrigation, soil management technologies, and vertical farming practices, reducing import dependency by enhancing local production capabilities<sup>10</sup>.

The sectorial data paints a picture of an increasingly balanced Saudi economy. The By mid-2024, international arrivals reached approximately

23<sub>MILLION</sub> making a

rise over the same period in 2023

The manufacturing sector also recorded around

growth

<sup>4</sup> KPMG Saudi Arabia Budget Report 2025

Ministry of Energy OPEC+ Compliance Report

<sup>9</sup> KPMG Saudi Arabia Industrial Sector Update