

Explanation	Close	
Capital change type *	Increase	
Number of invitations for the		
General Assembly's Meeting *	First Meeting	
A	Bank Albilad invites its Shareholders to attend the Extraordinary General Assembly	
Announcement Title *	which includes the Capital Increase by Means of Modern Technology (First Meeting)	
	The Board of Directors is pleased to invite the Bank's shareholders to participate and	
Introduction	vote in the Extraordinary General Assembly Meeting (First Meeting) to be held, at	
Introduction	06:30 pm on Monday 20-10-1445H corresponding to 29-4-2024G, at the Bank's Head	
	Office in Riyadh by means of modern technology.	
City and Location of the General	Divisible law managers of managers to allow the standards	
Assembly's Meeting	Riyadh- by means of modern technology.	
Hyperlink of the Meeting Location	https://liqaa.com/agm_page/bank-albilad	
Date of the General Assembly's		
Meeting	2024-4-29 Corresponding to 1445-10-20	
Time of the General Assembly's	40.00	
Meeting	18:30	
Methodology of Convening the		
General Assembly's Meeting	Via modern technology means	
	Shareholders Registered in the Bank's Shareholders record in Securities Depository	
	Center Company (Edaa) at the End of the Trading Session Preceding the General	
Attendance Eligibility, Registration	Assembly's Meeting as per Laws and Regulations. Eligibility to register for	
Eligibility, and Voting End	attendance of the General Assembly meeting ends at the time of convening the	
	meeting. The eligibility to vote on the items of the General Assembly agenda for	
	the attendees ends by the end of votes counting.	
	An extraordinary general assembly meeting is valid if attended by shareholders who	
	represent at least half of the capital. In the event that the quorum is not completed	
Quorum for Convening the General	in the first meeting, the second meeting will be held one hour after the time of the	
Assembly's Meeting	first meeting, and the second meeting will be considered valid if attended by	
	shareholders who represent at least a quarter of the capital.	



	1) Viewing and discussing the Board of Directors' report for the fiscal year
	ending on 31 December 2023.
	2) To Vote on the external auditors report for the fiscal year ending on 31
	December 2023 after discussed.
	3) Viewing and discussing the financial statements for the fiscal year ending
	on 31 December 2023.
	4) To Vote on appointing the auditors for the Bank from among the
	candidates based on the Audit Committee's recommendation. The
	appointed auditors shall examine, review and audit the (second, third)
	quarter and annual financial statements of the fiscal year 2024, and the
	first quarter of the fiscal year 2025, and the determination of the auditors'
	remuneration.
	5) To Vote on releasing the members of the Board of Directors from their
	liabilities for the fiscal year ending on 31 December 2023.
Meeting Agenda	6) Voting on the Board of Directors recommendation to increase the capital
	by way of issuing bonus shares as follows:
	a) Total amount of increase: SAR 2,500 Million
	b) Capital before increase: SAR 10,000 Million. Capital after increase: SAR
	12,500 Million. Increase percentage: 25%
	c) Number of shares before increase: 1,000 Million shares. Number of
	shares after increase: 1,250 Million shares.
	2a. 23 a. 22 2032. 1,230
	d) This recommendation aims to enhance the Bank's financial solvency and
	·
	retain its resources in operational activities.



- e) The capital increase will be made through the capitalization of SAR2,500 Million from the retained earnings by granting one share for every four shares.
- f) In the event of stock fractures, the fractions will be grouped into a single portfolio for all shareholders and sold at the market price and then distributed to the shareholders entitled to the grant each according to their share within 30 days of the date of the determination of the shares due to each shareholder.
- g) In case the Bank's shareholders approved in the extraordinary general assembly on the increase of the capital, the shareholders registered in the Bank's shareholders' register with the Securities Depository Center Company (Edaa) by the end of the second trading day following the date of the Extraordinary General Assembly meeting, will be eligible for the bonus shares.
- h) Voting to amend Article No. 7 relating to Capital, of the Articles of Association of the Bank. (Attached)
- 7) To Vote on delegating the Board of Directors to distribute interim dividends on a semi-annual or quarterly basis for the fiscal year 2024.
- 8) To Vote on paying an amount of (SAR 3,200,000) as remuneration to the Board members by (320) thousand riyals for each member for the fiscal year ending on 31 December 2023.
- 9) To Vote on the recommendation of the Board of Directors to distribute cash dividends to shareholders for 2023 with SAR (0.5) per share



representing (5%) of the nominal value of the share, with a total amount of SAR (500) million, noting that the eligibility of dividend shall be for the bank's shareholders who own shares at the end of the trading day of the general assembly meeting and who are registered in the bank's shareholders register at Securities Depository Center Company (Edaa) at the end of the second trading day following the general assembly meeting noting that the dividends distribution commences on Thursday 16 May 2024.

- 10) To Vote on delegating to the Board of Directors the authorisation powers of the General Assembly stipulated in paragraph (1) of Article 27 of the Companies Law, for a period of one year starting from the date of the approval by the General Assembly or until the end of the delegated Board of Directors' term, whichever is earlier, in accordance with the conditions set forth in the Implementing Regulation of the Companies Law for Listed Joint Stock Companies.
- 11) To Vote on delegating to the Board of Directors the authorisation powers of the General Assembly stipulated in paragraph (2) of Article 27 of the Companies Law, for a period of one year starting from the date of the approval by the General Assembly or until the end of the delegated Board of Directors' term, whichever is earlier, in accordance with the conditions set forth in the Implementing Regulation of the Companies Law for Listed Joint Stock Companies.
- **12)** To Vote on the amendment of the remuneration policy for members of the Board of Directors, its committees, and senior management. (Attached)
- **13)** Voting to amend Article No. (10) of the bank's Articles of Association related to share trading. (attached)



- **14)** Voting to amend Article No. (13) of the bank's Articles of Association related to increasing the capital. (attached)
- **15)** Voting to amend Article No. (14) of the bank's Articles of Association related to decreasing the capital. (attached)
- **16)** Voting to amend Article No. (16) of the bank's Articles of Association related to member of the board of directors. (attached)
- **17)** Voting to amend Article No. (17) of the bank's Articles of Association related to termination of membership and replacement. (attached)
- **18)** Voting to amend Article No. (18) of the bank's Articles of Association related to powers and specialty of the board of directors. (attached)
- **19)** Voting to amend Article No. (19) of the bank's Articles of Association related to Board Committees and Audit Committee. (attached)
- **20)** Voting to amend Article No. (20) of the bank's Articles of Association related to rewards. (attached)
- **21)** Voting to amend Article No. (21) of the bank's Articles of Association related to board chairman, vice chairman, managing director, chief executive officer and secretary. (attached)
- **22)** Voting to amend Article No. (23) of the bank's Articles of Association related to quorum of meetings. (attached)
- **23)** Voting to amend Article No. (26) of the bank's Articles of Association related to the constituent assembly and its terms of reference. (attached)
- **24)** Voting to amend Article No. (29) of the bank's Articles of Association related to general assemblies of shareholders. (attached)
- **25)** Voting to amend Article No. (34) of the bank's Articles of Association related to resolutions. (attached)
- **26)** Voting to amend Article No. (35) of the bank's Articles of Association related to agenda. (attached)



	27) Voting to amend Article No. (36) of the bank's Articles of Association
	related to presiding over assemblies. (attached)
	<b>28)</b> Voting to amend Article No. (37) of the bank's Articles of Association
	related to appointment. (attached)
	<b>29)</b> Voting to amend Article No. (38) of the bank's Articles of Association
	related to powers and responsibilities of the auditor. (attached)
	<b>30)</b> Voting to amend Article No. (40) of the bank's Articles of Association
	related to financial documents. (attached)
	<b>31)</b> Voting to amend Article No. (44) of the bank's Articles of Association
	related to losses of the company. (attached)
	<b>32)</b> Voting to amend Article No. (46) of the bank's Articles of Association
	related to companies law and related regulations. (attached)
	<b>33)</b> Voting to amend the bank's Articles of Association to comply with the new
	companies law, and rearranging the articles and numbering them to be
	compatible with the proposed amendments. (attached)
Proxy Form	N/A
The shareholder right in discussing	Shareholders are entitled to discuss the topics listed on the agenda of the General
the assembly agenda topics, asking	Assembly and ask questions, and the registered shareholders in Tadawulaty services
questions, and exercising the voting	can vote remotely on the general Assembly's meeting agenda.
right	
Details of the electronic voting on	Registered shareholders in Tadawulaty services can vote remotely on the general Assembly's meeting agenda starting from 01:00 am, Thursday 16/10/1445H (25/04/2024G), until the end of the Assembly meeting, and voting can be done free
the Assembly's agenda	of charge for all shareholders through the following link:
	https://login.tadawulaty.com.sa/ir/user/login.xhtml
	We would like to inform all shareholders that there will be a live broadcast of the
Method of Communication in Case of	meeting through the link available in Tadawulaty system, and all questions of our
Any Enquiries	valued shareholders will be received during the meeting.



	For any quires, please contact Investor Relations Department at Phone Number: 00966 11 4798585 Email: shareholders@bankalbilad.com
	We would like to draw the attention of the non-resident foreign investors that the cash dividend distribution which is transferred by the resident financial broker is subject to withholding tax of 5%, in accordance with the provisions of article 68 of the income tax law and article 63 of its implementing regulation.
Additional Information	And we would like to advise all shareholders to update their investment account information with the financial broker to avoid any issue on receiving the announced dividends.
	Shareholders who have not received their dividends for previous periods, a dividends search tool has been added in the Banks website under the link: https://www.bankalbilad.com/ar/about/investor-relations/Pages/unclaimed-dividends.aspx



# Audit Committee Annual Report to the General Assembly for the fiscal year 2023



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### 1. Introduction

The Audit Committee is an independent committee formed by a decision from the Bank's Ordinary General Assembly, with the objective of enhancing the bank's Shareholders and other stakeholders' confidence in the fairness of the bank's financial statements and enhancing the bank's control environment. The Corporate Governance Regulations require the Audit Committee to prepare an annual report to the bank's General Assembly detailing its activities that has been taken to satisfy its roles and responsibilities as stated in the committee charter. Accordingly, the Audit Committee prepared this report to the General Assembly of the bank with the aim to provide the bank's shareholders and other stakeholders with an overview of the Audit Committee's key activities that has been undertaken within the scope of its set roles and responsibilities, and its opinion on internal control system.

### 2. Committee Meetings

The Audit Committee held seven meetings during 2023 and submitted its minutes of meetings and quarterly activities reports to the Board of Directors to provide reasonable assurances on the effectiveness of bank's control environment.

### 3. Committee 's Activities during 2023

The audit committee performed its activities in accordance with its charter and implemented all the items of its annual plan for the year 2023 and reviewed the reports of the bank's control function such as Compliance and anti-financial crimes, Risk management, and Shariah, in addition to following up on existing legal cases. following is a summary of the audit committee key activities during the year:

### a) Financial statements

According to its responsibilities regarding the bank's financial statements the audit committee undertook this role by reviewing the bank's quarterly and annual financial statements, discussing the important matters with the bank's Finance Division and External Auditors, ensuring that the financial statements disclosures are adequate and in line with accounting policies and standards, and confirming that external auditors have got all the information that support them to provide their audit opinion. Accordingly, and upon reasonable

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assurances from external auditors and the Finance division on the fairness of the consolidated financial statements and confirmation that there were no material misstatements in the Bank's consolidated financial statements, the Committee articulate its opinion and recommendations to the Board of Directors on it.

### b) External auditors

As part of its actives for 2023, the Audit committee overseen the external auditors work, monitored their performance and ensured their independence. Below is a summary of the audit committee's activities in this regard:

- Recommending to the Board of Directors the appointment of the bank's external auditors based on its study of the financial and technical analysis of the proposals submitted by the nominated Audit firms.
- Review and approve the external auditors' yearly audit plan.
- Verify the independence of external auditors in accordance with professional regulations and standards.
- Evaluating the performance of external auditors in accordance with the evaluation criteria adopted by the Committee.
- Discussing the external auditors annual management letter and ensuring that Internal Audit is following
  up the implementation of the corrective plan submitted by the relevant departments in accordance with
  the set target dates.

### c) Internal audit

The Audit committee directly supervised the work of the internal audit and ensured its objectivity, independence, effectiveness of its work practices, as well as availability of the required resources to carry out its functions effectively. The Committee's key activities that relate to internal audit division include the following:

- Approval of the internal audit strategy, strategic plan, and annual risk-based audit plan that takes into consideration the bank's strategic plans, compliance and governance requirements, and the risks associated with the bank's business.
- Monitoring Internal Audit Divisions activities through the Internal audit periodic progress reports that contain details about audit plan implementation progress, and audit reports.
- Follow-up on the progress in closing the Internal Audit reported observations contained in their reports
  which contributed in enhancing the bank's control environment.



- Approving the Chief Internal Auditor KPI's and evaluating his performance.
- Approval of internal audit budget.
- Support the Audit value-added initiatives and actives that have contributed to the improvement of the bank's performance and compliance levels.

### d) Sharia audit

To fulfill it role, regarding Sharia audit, the audit committee supervised the Sharia audit work through but not limited to the following:

- Approval of the annual Sharia strategic plan and annual audit plan.
- Follow up on the progress in implementing the Sharia audit plan through periodic reports that include details about sharia plan implementation progress, Sharia audit reports issued, and observations contained therein.
- Follow up on the progress in closing the observations contained in the Sharia audit reports.

### e) Compliance

The Committee contributed to improving the Bank's level of compliance with relevant rules, regulations, policies, and procedures by providing its comments and recommendation on the received reports from the Compliance and Anti-financial Crime Division. The committee's key activities that relate to compliance include the following:

- The Committee discussed with the Chief Compliance Officer the periodic reports received from Compliance & Anti-Financial Crime Division which include the bank's compliance activities, Anti Money Laundering activities, penalties and violations, actions taken by the bank to address the root causes of penalties & violation, and the activities to improve the level of compliance within the bank.
- Review reports received from the Central Bank and monitor the progress in closing the observations contained in those reports.
- In accordance with the requirements of Article 55 of the Corporate Governance Charter, Review the contracts and transactions proposed to be conducted by the bank with related parties that have been referred to the committee and submit its views regarding them to the Board of Directors.

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### 4. Audit Committee's Opinion on internal control system

The Bank's executive management is responsible for creating an appropriate and effective internal control system that includes development of policies and procedures under the supervision of the Board of Directors to achieve the Bank's strategic objectives. Accordingly, the bank has established an integrated internal control system as recommended by regulatory bodies within the kingdom of Saudi Arabia. This system starts by setting the general governance framework that sets the roles, authorities, and responsibilities to the board of directors and its sub-committees as well as the bank's management committees to ensure existence of the required monitoring at the bank's overall level. In addition, all the bank's Divisions and Departments are working continuously to improve the internal control environment within the bank through continues review and update of its policies and procedures to fix any discovered issues in the bank's internal control environment. Taking in consideration, internal audit reports, regulatory bodies reports, meetings with external auditors and the bank's executive management, as well as other topics discussed during the Committee's meetings, the Audit Committee considers that the current internal control environment is adequately designed, functions effectively, regularly monitored and that there is no fundamental weakness in the Bank's internal control system for fiscal year 2023. However, its is worth to mention that any internal control system regardless of its design and effectiveness cannot provide an absolute assurance.

Chairman of the Audit Committee

Adeeb Mohammed Abanumai



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Independent Auditors' Report
To the Shareholders of Bank Albilad (A Saudi Joint Stock Company)

Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Bank Albilad (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are endorsed by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA") (collectively referred to as "IFRSs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia").

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) that is endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (the "Code"), that is relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with that Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For the matter below, a description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context:





Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

### **Key Audit Matters (continued)**

#### Key audit matter

### Expected credit loss allowance against financing

As at 31 December 2023, the gross financing of the Group was Saudi Riyals ("SAR") 104,976 million (2022: SAR 94,025 million) against which an expected credit loss ("ECL") allowance of SAR 2,896 million (2022: SAR 2,846 million) was maintained.

We considered this as a key audit matter, as the determination of ECL involves significant estimation and management judgment and this has a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. The key areas of judgment include:

- 1. Categorisation of financing into Stages 1, 2 and 3 based on the identification of:
  - (a) exposures with a significant increase in credit risk ("SICR") since their origination; and
  - (b) individually impaired / defaulted exposures.

The Group has applied additional judgements to identify and estimate the likelihood of borrowers that may have experienced SICR.

- 2. Assumptions used in the ECL model for determining probability of default ("PD"), loss given default ("LGD") and exposure at default ("EAD") including, but not limited to, assessment of financial condition of the counterparties, expected future cash flows, developing and incorporating forward looking assumptions, macroeconomic factors and the associated scenarios and expected probability weightages.
- 3. The need to apply overlays using expert credit judgemnt to reflect all relevant risk factors that might not have been captured by the ECL model.

Application of these judgements and estimates, results in greater estimation uncertainty and the associated audit risk around ECL calculation as at 31 December 2023.

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

- We obtained and updated our understanding of management's assessment of ECL allowance against financing including the Group's internal rating model, accounting policy, model methodology including any key changes made during the year.
- We compared the Group's accounting policy for ECL allowance and the ECL methodology with the requirements of IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'.
- We assessed the design and implementation, and tested the operating effectiveness of the key controls (including relevant IT general and application controls) over:
  - the ECL model, including governance over the model, its validation during the year and any model updates performed during the year including approval of the Senior Credit Committee of the key inputs, assumptions and overlays;
  - the classification of financing into Stages 1, 2 and 3 and timely identification of SICR and the determination of default / individually impaired exposures;
  - the IT systems and applications supporting the ECL model; and
  - the integrity of data inputs into the ECL model.
- For a sample of customers, we assessed:
  - the internal ratings determined by management, based on the Group's internal rating model and considered these assigned ratings in light of external market conditions and available industry information. We also assessed that these were consistent with the ratings used as input in the ECL model; and
  - management's computation of ECL.
- For selected customers, we assessed management's assessment of recoverable cash





Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Expected credit loss allowance against financing (continued)	flows, including the impact of collateral, and other sources of repayment, if any.
Refer to the material accounting policy information note 4 for the expected credit losses of financial assets; note 2(e) which contains the disclosure of critical accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions relating to expected credit losses on financial assets and the impairment assessment methodology used by the Group; note 8 which contains the disclosure of loss allowance against financing; and note 31 for details of credit quality analysis and key assumptions and factors considered in determination of ECL.	<ul> <li>We assessed the appropriateness of Group's criteria for the determination of SICR and identification of "default" or "individually impaired" exposures; and their classification into stages. Furthermore, for a sample of exposures, we assessed the appropriateness of the staging classification of the Group's financing portfolio.</li> <li>We assessed the governance process implemented and the qualitative factors considered by the Group when applying any overlays or making any adjustment to the output from the ECL model, due to data or model limitations or otherwise.</li> </ul>
	We assessed the reasonableness of the underlying assumptions used by the Group in the ECL model including forward looking assumptions keeping in view the uncertainty and volatility in economic scenarios.
	<ul> <li>We tested the completeness and accuracy of data supporting the ECL calculations as at 31 December 2023.</li> </ul>
	Where required, we involved our experts to assist us in reviewing model calculations, evaluating interrelated inputs (including EADs, PDs and LGDs) and assessing reasonableness of assumptions used in the ECL model particularly around the macroeconomic variables, forecasted macroeconomic scenarios and probability weights and of assumptions used in overlays.

We assessed the adequacy of disclosures in the

consolidated financial statements.





Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

#### Other Information included in the Bank's 2023 Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information in the Bank's annual report. Other information consists of the information included in the Bank's 2023 annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Bank's annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRSs that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, the applicable requirements of the Regulations for Companies, the Banking Control Law in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Bank's By-laws, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance i.e., the Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.





Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.





Report on the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Based on the information that has been made available to us, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the Bank is not in compliance, in all material respects, with the applicable requirements of the Regulations for Companies, the Banking Control law in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the Bank's By-laws in so far as they affect the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

Ernst & Young Professional

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Rashid S. Roshod

Certified Public Accountant

License No. 366

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3 Sha'ban 1445 H (13 February 2024) **PricewaterhouseCoopers** 

Mufaddal A Ali

Mufaddal A. Ali Certified Public Accountant License No. 447





## Controls and Requirements for Authorizing the Board of Directors by the Ordinary General Assembly to Allow a Member of the Board of Directors to Hold both Direct and Indirect Interests

Based on what is stipulated in the Corporate Law's Executive Regulations for the listed Shareholding Companies issued by the Capital Market Authority, in accordance with the Corporate Law and the updated regulations of corporate governance, and with the main principles of governance in financial institutions issued by the Saudi Central Bank, and in accordance with the best practices, the controls and requirements for authorizing the board of directors by the Ordinary General Assembly to allow a member of the Board of Directors to hold both direct and indirect interests shall be as follows:

- 1) The total amount of business or contract or the total business and contracts during the fiscal year shall be less than 1% of revenues according to the last audited financial statements, provided that such amount is less than (10) million Saudi riyals, and "the member of the Board of Directors holding an interest shall be liable for calculating the value of these transactions during one fiscal year."
- 2) The business or contract shall fall within the bank's regular business activity.
- 3) The business or contract shall not include preferential requirements for the member of the Board of Directors, and shall be under the same terms and conditions followed by the bank with all customers and contractors.



- 4) Business or contract shall not be among the consulting business and contracts carried out by the member of the Board of Directors under a professional license for the benefit of the bank in accordance with Article Eight of the executive regulations of the Corporate Law.
- 5) The duration of authorization shall be a maximum of one year from the date of its approval by the Ordinary General Assembly or until the end of the session of the delegated bank's Board of Directors, whichever is earlier.
- 6) Any member of the Board of Directors shall be prohibited from voting on the authorization and cancellation of authorization items in the Ordinary General Assembly.
- 7) The member holding direct or indirect interest is not entitled to participate in any discussion or vote thereon.
- 8) The Board of Directors may add or delete any of these requirements and controls stated in such authorization, in case statutory or regulatory controls are issued amending thereto or permitting thereof, provided that the same are presented to General Assembly for approval at its first meeting.



## Controls and Requirements for Authorizing the Board of Directors by the Ordinary General Assembly to Allow a Member of the Board of Directors to Enter into Competitive Business

Subject to the provisions of the Corporate Law and the Corporate Law's executive regulations for the listed shareholding companies, the updated regulations of corporate governance, and the relevant principles and controls, if a member of the Board of Directors desires to engage in a business that would compete with the bank business activity, or would compete with one of the branches of business activity it carries out, the following shall be considered:

- 1) Competition shall not be prohibited by a law, regulation or any binding statutory or regulatory rule, such as participation of a member of the bank's board of directors in the membership of another bank's board of directors in violation of the Banking Control Law, the main principles of governance in financial institutions issued by the Saudi Central Bank, and the like.
- 2) The competition shall not be so significant that it would negatively affect the Bank Group or make it impossible/difficult to manage the conflict of interest arising therefrom.
- 3) Any other criteria or controls that the Board of Directors deems appropriate to add in a way that serves the interest of the bank, its investors, and its stakeholders, and does not conflict with the statutory rules, or the regulatory rules and instructions issued by the supervisory and regulatory authorities.
- 4) The Board of Directors shall be notified of the competing business that the member desires to engage in, and such notification shall be recorded in the minutes of the Board of Directors meeting.
- 5) The existence of competing business shall be verified annually.



- 6) The member who holds the interest shall not participate in voting on the decision issued in this regard.
- 7) The duration of authorization shall be a maximum of one year from the date of its approval by the Ordinary General Assembly or until the end of the session of the delegated Board of Directors, whichever is earlier.
- 8) In the event that the Ordinary General Assembly doesn't delegate the authority for the aforementioned license or if the requirements for granting the license do not apply, a license shall be obtained from the bank's Ordinary General Assembly in accordance with the mechanism/procedures approved for that, and as per the laws and regulations, and the relevant regulatory controls.
- 9) Any member of the Board of Directors shall be prohibited from voting on the authorization and cancellation of authorization items in the Ordinary General Assembly.
- 10) The Board of Directors may add or delete any of these requirements and controls stated in such authorization, in case statutory or regulatory controls are issued amending thereto or permitting thereof, provided that the same are presented to General Assembly for approval at its first meeting.



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
General Provisions and Rules		
The remuneration of the members of the Board of		
Directors, its committees and Senior management is		
subject to the provisions related to the Companies Law	No amendment	
and regulations such as implementing regulations of listed		
joint-stock enterprises, the updated corporate governance		
regulations, and the relevant circulars and principles of the		
Saudi Central Bank and the statute of the Bank. The		
standards and provisions shall be defined by this policy,		
the most important of which include:		
1-1 General provisions and rules:		
1-1-1 Definitions and terms:		
Wherever used herein, the following words and		
expressions shall have the same meanings given opposite		
thereto, unless the context shall otherwise require:		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
1-1-1-1 <b>Definition of remunerations</b> : According to the	No amendment	
implementing regulations of the Companies Law		
for listed joint-stock enterprises and the updated		
corporate governance regulations,		
remunerations are the "amounts, allowances,		
earnings and the like, periodic or annual		
remunerations associated with performance and		
short-term or long-term incentive plans and any		
in-kind benefits (as for what applies to the Board		
of Directors members and its committees, the		
reasonable actual expenses incurred by the Bank		
on behalf of the member to carry out his work		
shall be excepted in accordance with the	No amendment	
relevant policy, policies and controls		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
1-1-1-2 <b>Definition of senior management</b> : senior management shall mean the functions and roles responsible for implementing strategic decisions and managing the Bank's support process (members of the Management Committee), including top management positions that require the Saudi Central Bank makes no objection to appointment.		
1-1-2 General Standards for determining remunerations.  The main standards for determining remunerations include:	No amendment	



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
1-1-2-1 The remunerations shall be reasonably sufficient for attracting competencies and appropriate professional experiences, motivating, and retaining them, taking into consideration the Bank's business size and the sector that it works		
in	1.1.2.3 The remunerations shall be built on a recommendation by the Nominations and Remunerations	
1-1-2-2 The remunerations shall be fair and proportional to the specialties, tasks and responsibilities assigned during the fiscal year as well as the academic and practical experiences.	Committee of the Board of Directors.	
1-1-2-3 The remunerations shall be built on a recommendation by the Nominations and Remunerations Committee.		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
1-1-3 General provisions for the remuneration of the Board of Directors and its committees	1.1.3 General provisions for the remuneration of the Board of Directors and its committees	Amendment based on the Central Bank Circular No. 45048798 dated 25/07/1445 AH, regarding "circulation
Directors receives shall not exceed the maximum	kind benefits that a member of the Board of Directors receives shall not exceed SAR 1,000,000 (one million Saudi	of (Controls for Determining and Paying Remuneration for Members of the Board of Directors and its Committees in Financial Institutions)"
the regulatory and supervisory authorities.  1-1-3.2 The actual value of the expenses incurred by the member to attend the meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees including	1.1.3.2 Notwithstanding the maximum limit set out in the	New



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
for in the abovementioned paragraph i	1.1.2 (General standards for determining remuneration) of	
accordance with what is determined by this police	this policy, and the relevant provisions.	
and related policies and documents		
1-1-3.3 A member of the Board of Directors may receive	e	
a remuneration for his membership in the aud	t No amendment	
committee formed by the General Assembly, o	r	
for any additional executive, technica	,	
administrative or advisory work or positions unde	r	
a professional license assigned to him in the Bank		
This is in addition to the remuneration that h	e	
may get in his capacity as a member of the Boar	d	
of Directors and in the committees formed by th	e	
Board of Directors in accordance with relevan	t	
regulations and laws as well as the corporat	e	
statute and this policy.		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
1-1-3.4 The Board of Directors' (annual) report to the		
Bank's General Assembly - according to the		
attached table - shall include a comprehensive		
statement of all the sums received by the		
members or those entitled to them during the		
Bank's fiscal year, including lump sum bonuses,	No amendment	
attendance allowances, expense allowance, and		
other cash or in-kind benefits. The report shall		
also include a statement of the sums obtained by		
the members of the Board in their capacity as		
authorized employees of the Bank, workers, or		
administrators, or what they have received in		
return for technical or administrative services or		
consultations. The report shall also contain a		
statement of the Board's sessions and the		



	Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	number of sesions attended by each member.		
	The Board of Directors shall also provide in its		
	annual report details on the policies related to		
	remunerations and the mechanisms for		
	determining them.		
1-1-3.5	The members of the Board of Directors may not		
	vote on the item of the remunerations of the		
	members of the Board of Directors at the General		
	Assembly.		
1-1-3.6	If the General Assembly decides to terminate the		
	membership of a member of the Board of		
	Directors who is absent because of his failure to	No amendment	
	attend three consecutive or five separate		
	meetings of the Board without a legitimate		
	excuse, this member shall not be entitled to any		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
remuneration for the period following the last		
meeting he attended and he shall return all the		
remuneration paid to him for that period.		
1-1-3.7 The remuneration of the members of the Board		
of Directors may vary in amount to reflect the		
member's experience, competencies, tasks		
assigned to him, his independence, the number		
of sessions he attends and other considerations.		
1-1-3.8 If it appears to the Audit Committee, the	No amendment	
Authority, or any relevant supervisory or oversight		
entity that the remunerations paid to any of the		
members of the Board of Directors or any of its		
committees are based on incorrect or misleading		
information that was presented to the General		
Assembly or included in the annual report of the		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
Board of Directors, the member shall return it to		
the Bank, and the Bank has the right to ask him		
to return it		
1-1-3.9 The remuneration of the independent members		
of the Board of Directors shall not be a		
percentage of the profits made by the company		
or be based directly or indirectly on the		
profitability of the Bank		
1-1-4 General provisions for senior management		
remunerations		
1-1-4.1 The standards and controls set forth in the "Bank		
Remunerations Rules" issued by the Saudi Central		
Bank.		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
1-1-4.2 The policy and decisions issued by the Board of	No amendment	
Directors - on the recommendation of the		
Nominations and Remunerations Committee -		
regarding compensation, benefits, and		
remunerations, and the mechanisms for		
determining them for the Bank's employees and		
senior management, provided that the specific		
standards and controls stated in the bank		
remuneration rules issued by the Saudi Central		
Bank are taken into consideration.		
Remunerations shall be defined by the		
mechanism policy that the Bank adopts when		
applying and reviewing it and assessing its	No amendment	
effectiveness in achieving its objectives.		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
1-1-4.3 The Board of Directors' (annual) report submitted to the Bank's General Assembly at its annual meeting shall disclose the remunerations of five senior executives who received the highest remunerations from the company, provided that are the Chief Executive Officer, and the Chief Financial Officer are among them.		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
Mechanisms for determining remunerations:     2-1 Remuneration of the Board members and its committees:	<ul><li>2. Mechanisms for determining remunerations:</li><li>2.1 Remuneration of the Board members and its committees:</li></ul>	
2-1-1 Taking into account the abovementioned general rules and in accordance with the implementing regulations of the Companies' Law related to listed joint stock enterprises, the updated corporate governance regulations, and the relevant circulars and principles of the Central Bank of Saudi Arabia, the remunerations of the Board members and its committees shall be determined in accordance with the policies, mechanisms and/or decisions issued by the Board of Directors.	2.1.1 Taking into account the abovementioned general rules and in accordance with the implementing regulations of the Companies' Law related to listed joint stock enterprises, the updated corporate governance regulations, and the relevant circulars and principles of the Central Bank of Saudi Arabia – epically not exceeding the specified maximum limit- the remunerations of the Board members and its committees shall be determined in accordance with the policies, mechanisms and/or decisions issued by the Board of Directors.	



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
2-1-2 Each member of the Board of Directors shall be paid	2.1.2 Each member of the Board of Directors shall be paid	
- in addition to the lump sum remuneration and the	- in addition to the lump sum remuneration and the	
attendance allowance amount in accordance with	attendance allowance amount in accordance with the	
the controls described above - the value of the actual	controls described above - the value of the actual expenses	
expenses incurred by the member to attend the	incurred by the member to attend the meetings of the	
meetings of the Board of Directors and its	Board of Directors and its committees, including	
committees, including accommodation expenses	accommodation expenses and first-class air travel	
and first-class air travel expenses.	expenses, as determined by the board of directors.	
2-1-3 Each (external) member of the Board Committees		
who is not a member of the Board of Directors shall	2.1.3 Each (external) member of the Board Committees	
be paid - in addition to the lump sum remuneration	who is not a member of the Board of Directors shall be	
and the amount of the attendance allowance in	paid - in addition to the lump sum remuneration and the	
accordance with the controls stated above - the	amount of the attendance allowance in accordance with	
value of the actual expenses incurred by the member	the controls stated above - the value of the actual expenses	
to attend the committee meetings, including	incurred by the member to attend the committee	



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
accommodation expenses and business class travel air expenses.	meetings, including accommodation expenses and business class travel air expenses, as determined by the board of directors.	
2-2 Remunerations of the members of senior management:	2.2 Remunerations of the members of senior management:	
2-2-1 Taking into account the applicable general rules and standards mentioned above and in accordance with	2.2.1 Taking into account the applicable general rules and standards mentioned above and in accordance with the	Rephrasing and further clarification
the relevant laws and regulations in general and the principles and rules of the Saudi central Bank in		
particular, the mechanisms for determining employee remunerations in general and senior	mechanisms for determining employee remunerations in general and senior management in particular shall be determined in accordance with relevant standards and	
management in particular shall be determined in accordance with relevant standards and controls detailed in "the bank remuneration rules" issued by		



	Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
the	e Saudi Central Bank, especially those related to	linking the payment of remunerations and their type with	
lin	king the payment of remunerations and their type	risks, including short-term and long-term remunerations, in	
wi	ith risks, including long-term, short-term and	accordance with the specified percentages and periods. The	
de	eferred remunerations, in accordance with the	following shall be taken into account:	
sp	ecified percentages and periods. The following		
sh	all be taken into account:		
2-2-1-1	The remunerations shall be aligned with the		
	Bank's strategy and objectives		
2-2-1-2	Criteria for giving remunerations and the		
	mechanism for disclosing them shall be		
	determined and their implementation shall be	No amendment	
	verified		
2-2-1-3	Remuneration standards shall be linked to		
	performance.	2.2.1.5 Remunerations shall match the size, nature and	
		degree of the Bank's risks	



	Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
2-2-1-4	Remunerations shall be determined according		
	to the job level as well as the tasks and		
	responsibilities assigned to its occupant,	No amendment	
	educational qualifications, practical experience,		
	skills and level of performance		
2-2-1-5	Remunerations shall match the size, nature and		
	degree of the Bank's risks, and the	2.2.2 The Board of Directors shall issue - on the	
	remunerations shall be determined	recommendation of the Nominations and Remunerations	
2-2-1-6	The base of remunerations and incentives	Committee - the policy for compensation and benefits of	
	related to performance shall be determined	the Bank's employees and senior management, and the	
	according to the profit rate associated with the	mechanisms for determining them, provided that, in	
	degree of risk, and in accordance with the	addition to what is mentioned above, the standards and	
	controls, standards, rules and principles of the	controls stated in "the bank remuneration rules" issued by	
	Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency related to	the Saudi Central Bank shall be taken into account.	



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
remunerations and incentives as well as the		
relevant principles and standards		
2-2-2 The Board of Directors shall issue - on the		
recommendation of the Nominations Committee -	Deleted	
the policy for remunerations (compensation and		
benefits) of the Bank's employees and senior		
management, and the mechanisms for determining		
them, provided that, in addition to what is		
mentioned above, the standards and controls stated		
in "the bank remuneration rules" issued by the		
Saudi Central Bank shall be taken into account. <del>The</del>		
policy shall specify the mechanism used by the Bank		
to apply and review it and assess how effectively it		
achieves its objectives in accordance with the		
<del>following:</del>		



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
<ul><li>3. The Mechanisms for monitoring the implementation and assessment of the policy</li><li>3.1 The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall</li></ul>	3. The Mechanisms for monitoring the implementation and assessment of the policy	Rephrasing and further clarification.
ensure that this policy is implemented, reviewed, and assessed how effectively it achieves the established objectives. It may hire consultants or experts from inside or outside the Bank to carry out some of the work and tasks assigned to it in this regard, provided that the mechanism includes the following:	3.1 The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall ensure that this policy and the policy for compensation and benefits of the Bank's employees and senior management (as approved by the Board of Directors) are implemented, reviewed, and assessed how effectively they achieves the established objectives. It may hire consultants or experts	
3.1.1 The time that a member should dedicate for the work of the Board or committee based on the number of the expected or planned sessions, work size, expected tasks, and so on in accordance with the best standards and applications.	from inside or outside the Bank to carry out some of the work and tasks assigned to it in this regard, taking into account the following whenever applicable:  3.1.1 Determining the time that a member should dedicate for the work of the Board or committee based on	



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
Article before Amendment  3.1.2 Rules regulating the granting of shares in the Bank to members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management, whether in the form of a new issue or shares purchased by the Bank, if so decided.  3.1.3 Specifying the standards, controls and cases in which remunerations and/or any additional compensation may be paid to any of the members of the Board or one of its committees in return for his contribution and extra effort, or any additional executive, technical,	the number of the expected or planned sessions, work size, expected tasks, and so on in accordance with the best standards and applications.  3.1.2 Providing the rules that regulate the granting of shares in the Bank to members of the Board of Directors and Executive Management, whether in the form of a new issue or shares purchased by the Bank, if so decided.  3.3.1 Specifying the standards, controls and cases in which	Reasons for Amendment
administrative or advisory work or positions - under a professional license - assigned to him, in addition to the remuneration and compensation he receives for his membership in the Board and in the committees set up by	remunerations and/or any additional compensation may be paid to any of the members of the Board or one of its committees in return for his contribution and extra effort, or any additional executive, technical, administrative or advisory work or positions - under a professional license - assigned to him, in addition to the remuneration and	



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
the Board, in accordance with the relevant rules, regulations, instructions, and the Bank's statue.	compensation he receives for his membership in the Board and in the committees set up by the Board	
3.2 The policy shall be periodically monitored, reviewed in accordance with the relevant controls or whenever necessary	No amendment	



Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment	
4. Issuing, updating, and adjusting the policy:	4. Issuing, updating, and adjusting the policy:	Rephrasing and further clarification	
The issuance and updating/ adjustment of this policy shall be approved by the General Assembly on the recommendation of the Board of Directors, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The policy shall be reviewed on a biennial basis, taking into account the general final rules below.	be approved by the General Assembly on the recommendation of the Board of Directors, based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration		



	Article before Amendment	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
5.	General and final rules and provisions	5. General and final rules and provisions	
	5.1 This policy shall be considered the basis for	5.1 This policy shall be considered the basis for everything	
	everything related to the remuneration of the	related to the remuneration of the members of the Board	
	members of the Board of Directors, its committees	of Directors, its committees and senior management and	
	and senior management and a supplement to it - in a	a supplement to it - in a way that does not conflict with its	
	way that does not conflict with its compulsory	compulsory provisions and the relevant rules and	
	provisions and the relevant rules and regulations and	regulations and the Bank's statute - the policy and	
	the Bank's statute - the policies and decisions issued	decisions issued by the Board of Directors and in	
	by the Board of Directors and in accordance with what	accordance with what is stated in this policy	
	is stated in this policy		
	5.2 The terms and provisions of this policy shall		
	express the regulations, laws, rules, and controls	No amendment	
	issued by the binding regulatory authorities that come		



into force as soon as they are issued. In the event that	
any adjustments are made to it or any difference between them arises. The emerging and binding adjustments shall be complied with on the date specified for compliance. The rules and provisions stated in the policy shall be updated / adjusted with the approval of the Board of Directors	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
Part 1 - Company li	ncorporation		
Article 1 - Incorporation:	It was established in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Law and its Regulations, the Banking Control Law, and Cabinet Resolution No. 245 dated 26/10/1407H, and under this Articles of Association: A Saudi joint stock company, according to the following:	No amendment	
Article 2 – Name of the Company:	The name of the company is Bank Albilad, a Saudi joint stock company, hereinafter referred to as the "Company".	No amendment	
Article 3 - Objectives of the Company:	The objectives of the company are to exercise banking and investment business in accordance with the provisions of the Banking Control Law and all other laws in force in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the regulations, decisions, rules and instructions issued by the Saudi Central Bank. To	No amendment	

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	achieve this purpose, the company carries out		
	banking and investment operations for its own		
	account or for the account of others, inside and		
	outside the Kingdom, within the limits set and		
	according to the conditions specified by the Saudi		
	Central Bank, including the following operations:		
	a) Opening current accounts and accepting		
	demand deposits in Saudi Riyal or other		
	currencies.		
	b) Opening investment and similar accounts in		
	Saudi Riyal and other currencies to generate		
	profits through operating such accounts.		
	c) Issuing, accepting and dealing in commercial		
	papers, such as promissory notes, bills of		
	exchange and checks as well as accepting		



Article No.		Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
		dealing in banknotes, coins and all types of		
		currencies.		
	d)	Providing financing and facilities in Saudi riyals		
		or other currencies on the basis of profit and		
		loss sharing or according to any other basis.		
	e)	Dealing in securities and Mudaraba notes as per		
		the rules governing corporate share trading.		
		The company may purchase its shares in		
		accordance with the controls of the competent		
		authorities, following obtaining a prior no-		
		objection from the Saudi Central Bank, and the		
		shares purchased by the company shall not		
		have votes in the shareholders' assemblies.		
	f)	Opening documentary credits, issuing bank		
		guarantees and granting banking facilities for		
		imports, exports and local commerce.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	g) Acquiring, selling, owning and dealing in		
	foreign currencies, coins, and precious metals.		
	h) Receiving cash, documents and valuable items		
	as deposit, loan or for saving purposes after		
	issuing evidential receipts.		
	i) Opening accounts in the name of the Company		
	with local and foreign banks and other financial		
	institutions.		
	j) Creating, managing and leasing safe deposit		
	boxes (Vaults).		
	k) Acting as an agent, correspondent or		
	representative of local and foreign banks.		
	l) Executing fund transfer to/from Saudi Arabia.		
	m) Acting as an Agent to collect money, bills of		
	exchange, promissory notes and any other		
	document inside and outside Saudi Arabia.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	n) Executing any other banking operation permitted by the laws of the Saudi Central Bank o) Establishing, operating and managing depositories and warehouses to store goods and commodities and provide finance, taking such goods and commodities as collaterals. p) Providing investment advisory services, acting as an investment manager, agent or financial representative, participating in the management of the affairs of any natural or legal person/persons, executing wills and managing properties. q) Collecting amounts payable by third parties		Amenament
	inside or outside Saudi Arabia on behalf of any natural or legal person in the capacity of a		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	Trustee or Will Executor and issuing clearance certificates in respect thereof.  r) Managing, selling, utilizing, acquiring, and dealing in any assets, right or interest in any movable or immovable money that may revert back to the Company or be held or acquired by it for collecting all or part of its liabilities or be presented as a collateral for any finance or facilities provided by it or may otherwise relate to such claim or collateral. All the foregoing should be executed within the limits set by applicable laws.  s) Borrowing or receiving finance in line with rules governing the Company's business, signing		Amendment



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	sponsorships and mortgages inside or outside		
	Saudi Arabia.		
	t) Supervising the management of investment		
	units and funds and participating in capital		
	markets to promote Islamic methods in the field		
	of investment and finance.		
	u) Performing all other acts and activities that		
	contribute to the introduction and achievement		
	of the Company's objectives or the expansion		
	of its business.		
	v) Participating in all investment activities		
	(commercial, agricultural, industrial, real		
	estate, etc.)		
	w) Concluding all commitments presented or		
	accepted by the Company with different		
	governmental and public institutions or any		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	other natural or legal person inside or outside Saudi Arabia		
Article 4 - Participation and Merger	The company may establish subsidiary companies, and it may also have an interest, or participate in any way with the bodies or companies that carry out business similar to its business or that may help it to achieve its purposes, and it may also own shares or stakes in other existing or merged companies or merge into or buy them, after obtaining the prior written no-objection of the Saudi Central Bank and complying with the provisions of the laws and regulations in force in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia	No amendment	
Article 5 -Duration of the Company	The duration of the Company shall be ninety-nine (99) Gregorian years commencing as of the date of	No amendment	

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	announcing its incorporation by the resolution of		
	the Minister of Commerce, as per the Law of		
	Companies. This term may be extended pursuant to		
	a resolution of the Extraordinary General Assembly		
	at least one (1) year before the expiry of the said		
	term		
	The Head Office of the Company shall be in the city	No amendment	
	of Riyadh and may be moved to any other city in		
	Saudi Arabia, as decided by the Extraordinary		
Article 6 - Head	General Assembly. The Board of Directors of the		
Office of the	Company may open branches or offices and		
Company	appoint correspondents inside or outside Saudi		
	Arabia as required by the Company's activities or		
	interests with due regard to relevant laws and		
	regulations in force in Saudi Arabia and after		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
Part 2 – Capital and	obtaining a written non-objection from the Saudi Central Bank.  Shares		
Article 7- Capital	The Company's capital shall be (12,500,000,000) ten billion Saudi riyals divided into (1,000,000,000) one billion nominal shares of equal value (SAR 10 per share). All shares shall be fully paid and shall be equal in terms of rights and obligations arising therefrom in all respects	The company's capital shall be (12,500,000,000) twelve thousand five hundred million Saudi riyals, divided into (1,250,000,000) one thousand two hundred and fifty million ordinary shares of equal value (SAR 10 per share). All shares shall be fully paid and shall be equal in terms of rights and obligations arising therefrom in all respects	SAMA's & MoC non- objection have been obtained to the Board's recommendation to increase the capital
Article 8 - Subscription upon Incorporation	Shareholders have subscribed to the entire capital and paid the value of their shares in full.	No amendment	
Article 9 - Shares	Shares are nominal, and they may not be issued at less than their nominal value, but may be issued at	No amendment	

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	a higher value, and in this last case, the difference in value is added to the statutory reserve even if it		
	reaches its maximum.  The share is indivisible against the company, and in		
	the event that it is owned by many persons, they must choose one of them to act on their behalf to use the rights pertaining to the share, and these		
	persons shall be jointly responsible for the obligations arising from the ownership of the share.		
	The Shares are tradeable after being listed in the Saudi Stock Exchange (Tadawul). As an exception		
Article 10 - Share Trading	to the foregoing, cash shares held by the founding shareholders may not be traded before publishing	No amendment	
	the budget and profit and loss statement for a period of three (3) consecutive years as of the date		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	of the Company's incorporation, with each year consisting of twelve (12) months.  However, it is allowed, during the lock-up period and in accordance with equity sale provisions, to transfer the title of the founders' shares from one founder to another or to the members of the Board of Directors to provide them as a guarantee to the management, or from the heirs of a deceased founder to others.		
Article 10 Bis - Buying and Disposing of The Company's Shares	Taking into account the provisions, regulations, controls and instructions, such as obtaining a non-objection from the Saudi Central Bank and other competent authorities, according to the circumstances, the company may:	Taking into account the provisions, regulations, controls and instructions, such as obtaining a written non-objection from the Saudi Central Bank and other competent authorities, according to the circumstances, the company may:	Deletion in accordance with Banking Control Law

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	a) Purchase its shares to be used as treasury shares	a) Purchase its shares to be used as treasury	
	in the cases and purposes exclusively specified in the	shares in the cases and purposes exclusively	
	following:	specified in the following:	
	a.1) If the Board of Directors or whomever it	a.1) If the Board of Directors or whomever it	
	delegates believes that the share price in the market	delegates believes that the share price in the	
	is less than its fair value.	market is less than its fair value.	
	a.2) Fulfilling the right of convertible debt	a.2) Swap operations for the acquisition of	
	instruments holders to convert them into shares in	shares or stakes in a company or the purchase	
	accordance with the terms and conditions of those	of an asset.	
	instruments.	a.3) Allocated to the company's employees	
	a.3) Swap operations for the acquisition of shares	within the employee stock program.	
	or stakes in a company or the purchase of an asset.	a.4) Any other purpose approved by the Capital	
	a.4) Allocated to the company's employees within	Market Authority.	
	the employee stock program.	b) Selling treasury shares in one or several	
	a.5) Any other purpose approved by the Capital	stages.	
	Market Authority.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	b) Selling treasury shares in one or several stages.	c) The company's issuance of preference shares	
	c) The company's issuance of preference shares and	and its purchase or conversion of ordinary	
	its purchase or conversion of ordinary shares into	shares into preference shares or conversion of	
	preference shares or conversion of preference	preference shares into ordinary shares.	
	shares into ordinary shares.		
Article 11 - Trading	The Shares shall be traded in the Capital Market in	No amendment	
Method	accordance with the provisions of the Capital		
Metriod	Market Law		
	A shareholder shall pay the value of a share at the	No amendment	
	specified dates. If a shareholder fails to pay on the		
Article 12 - Seizing	due date, the Board of Directors may, after		
Shares	notifying such shareholder by registered mail sent		
	to their address as recorded in the shareholder		
	register, sell such share in a public auction.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	However, the shareholder in default up to the sale		
	date may pay the due amount, in addition to any		
	expenses incurred by the Company.		
	The Company shall receive the amounts due thereto		
	from the sale proceeds and shall return any		
	remaining amount to the shareholder. If the sale		
	proceeds are insufficient to cover these amounts,		
	the Company may satisfy such amounts from the		
	shareholder.		
	The Company shall cancel the sold share, and shall		
	give the purchaser a new share bearing the number		
	of the cancelled share, and shall indicate in the		
	shareholder register that the sale has taken place		
	and shall mention the name of the new		
	shareholder.		



Article No.		Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
Article 13 - Increasing the Capital	a) b)	The Extraordinary General Assembly, after verifying the economic viability, and after obtaining the non-objection of the Saudi Central Bank and the approval of the competent authorities, may decide to increase the capital of the company, provided that the capital has been fully paid. It is not required that the capital be fully paid if the unpaid portion of the capital is due to shares issued in exchange for converting debt instruments or financing instruments into shares and the period determined for their conversion into shares has not expired.  The Extraordinary General Assembly may, in all cases, allocate all or part of the shares issued for capital increase to employees of the	The Extraordinary General Assembly, after verifying the economic viability, and after obtaining the non-objection of the Saudi Central Bank and the approval of the competent authorities, may decide to increase the capital of the company, provided that the capital has been fully paid.  No amendment	Deletion in accordance with Banking Control Law



Article No.		Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
				Amendment
		Company and/or all or part of its subsidiaries.		
		Shareholders may not exercise pre-emptive		
		rights if the Company issues shares for		Companies Law
		employees		
	c)	At the time the Extraordinary General Assembly	c) At the time the Extraordinary General	
		issues a resolution approving the capital	Assembly issues a resolution approving the	
		increase, a shareholder will be entitled to a pre-	capital increase, a shareholder will be entitled to	
		emptive right to subscribe to the new shares	a pre-emptive right to subscribe to the new	
		issued against cash contribution. Such a	shares issued against cash contribution. Such a	
		shareholder shall be informed of their pre-	shareholder shall be informed of their pre-	
		emptive right by publishing a notice in a daily	emptive right by registered mail to his address	
		newspaper or by notifying them through	listed in the shareholder registry, or through	
		registered mail of the resolution of capital	modern technological means of the resolution	
		increase as well as the conditions, duration and	of capital increase as well as the conditions,	
		commencement and expiry date of the	method, duration and commencement and	
		subscription.	expiry date of the subscription.	



Article No.		Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	d)	The Extraordinary General Assembly may stop		
		application of the pre-emptive right vested in	No amendment	
		shareholders to subscribe to the capital increase		
		against cash contribution or may vest such right		
		in persons other than the shareholders in cases		
		it believes this is appropriate for the Company's		
		interest.		
	e)	A shareholder may sell or assign the pre-	No amendment	
		emptive right during the period from the date		
		the General Assembly resolution approving the		
		capital increase is adopted until the last day of		
		subscription to the new shares related to such		
		right, in accordance with the controls set by the		
		competent authority.		
	f)	Subject to paragraph d above, the new shares	No amendment	
		shall be distributed to holders of pre-emptive		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	right who requested subscription in		
	proportionate to their pre-emptive right of the		
	total pre-emptive rights resulting from the		
	capital increase, provided that the shares they		
	receive do not exceed the amount of new		
	shares they requested. The remainder of the		
	new shares shall be distributed to holders of		
	pre-emptive right who requested more than		
	their respective shares in proportionate to their		
	pre-emptive right of the total pre-emptive		
	rights resulting from the capital increase,		
	provided that the shares they receive do not		
	exceed the amount of new shares they		
	requested. The remaining shares shall be		
	offered to third parties, unless the		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	Extraordinary General Assembly decides or the Capital Market Law states otherwise		
Article 14 - Decreasing the Capital	The company's capital may , by a resolution of the Extraordinary General Assembly based on acceptable justifications and in accordance with the relevant regulations and controls and after obtaining the non-objection of the Saudi Central Bank and the approval of the relevant competent authorities, be reduced if it exceeds its need or if the company incurs losses. The reduction resolution may only be issued after the Extraordinary General Assembly examines the Auditor's Report explaining	The company's capital may , by a resolution of the Extraordinary General Assembly based on acceptable justifications and in accordance with the relevant regulations and controls and after obtaining the written non-objection of the Saudi Central Bank and the approval of the relevant competent authorities, be reduced if it exceeds its need or if the company incurs losses. The reduction resolution may only be issued after the Extraordinary General Assembly	Companies Law
	the reasons for the reduction, the Company's liabilities and the effect of the reduction on these liabilities, taking into account the provisions of the	examines the Auditor's Report explaining the reasons for the reduction, the Company's liabilities and the effect of the reduction on these liabilities, taking into account the	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	corporate Law. The resolution must explain the	provisions of the Companies Law and its	
	method of reduction.	regulations. The resolution must explain the	
	If the capital reduction is a result of the capital being	method of reduction.	
	in excess of the Company's need, the creditors shall	If the capital reduction is a result of the capital	
	be invited to submit their objections to the	being in excess of the Company's need, the	
	reduction within sixty (60) days from the date the	creditors shall be invited to submit their	
	reduction resolution is published in a daily	objections to the reduction within (45) days	
	newspaper distributed in the area where the	from the date specified for holding the	
	Company's head office is located. If a creditor	extraordinary general assembly meeting to take	
	objects to such reduction and submits to the	the reduction resolution, and in accordance the	
	Company their documents on the specified date,	provisions of the Companies Law and relevant	
	the Company shall pay their debt if already due or	regulations. If a creditor objects to such	
	shall provide them with sufficient guarantee to	reduction and submits to the Company their	
	satisfy their debt if it is due in the future.	documents on the specified date, the Company	
		shall pay their debt if already due or shall	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
		provide them with sufficient guarantee to satisfy	
		their debt if it is due in the future.	
Part 3: - Board of D	irectors		
	The Company shall be managed by a Board	No amendment	
	composed of eleven (11) members to be elected by		
	the Shareholders' Ordinary General Assembly for		
Article 15 - Managing	the term of three (3) years. It is always allowed to		
Company Affairs	re-appoint the member whose membership term		
	has expired. As an exception to the foregoing, the		
	Founding Assembly shall appoint the first Board of		
	Directors for a five-year term		
	Each shareholder has the right to nominate himself	Each shareholder has the right to nominate	
Article 16- Member	or another person or more for membership in the	himself or another person or more for	
of the Board of	Board of Directors within the limits of his ownership	membership in the Board of Directors within the	
Directors	percentage in the capital. The candidate	limits of his ownership percentage in the capital.	
	nomination for the Board of Directors will be	The candidate nomination for the Board of	

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	recognized after obtaining the nonobjection of the	Directors will be recognized after obtaining the	
	Saudi Central Bank.	written nonobjection of the Saudi Central Bank.	
	a) Membership expiration and termination:		
	The membership of a Board member expires /		
	terminates for many reasons includes but not		
	limited to the following:		
	a.1) Expiry of the Board's term;	No amendment	
Article 17 -	a.2) Resignation or death of the member.		
Termination of	a.3) If a member becomes ineligible for membership		
Membership and	according to the provisions of any law in force in		
Replacement	Saudi Arabia.		
	a.4) If a member undergoes mental illness.		
	a.5) If a judgment is ruled of being guilty of a crime		
	of fraud, breach of trust, or dishonorable offense.		
	a.6) If he is judged bankrupt, has made		
	arrangements, or reconciled with his creditors		

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	according to the bankruptcy law or any other		
	relevant laws, regulations and instructions).	No amendment	
	a.7) If he becomes a member of the Board of		
	Directors of any other commercial bank in the		
	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.		
	a.8) If he is absent during one term - (three years) -		
	from attending the sessions of the Board of		
	Directors or its committees three times in a row or		
	five non-consecutive times - each separately -		
	without a legitimate excuse that requires this based		
	on the recommendation of the Board of Directors		
	to the General Assembly.		
	A.9) Dismissal of a Board Member pursuant to a		
	resolution issued by the General Assembly by a		
	majority of at least (2/3) two-thirds of the number		
	of shares present or represented if the dismissal was		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	not at the request of the Board of Directors, and by		
	the ordinary majority of the shares present or		
	represented, if the dismissal was based on the		
	request of the Board of Directors.		
	In all cases, in the event of termination or expiration		
	of the membership of any member of the Board of		
	Directors or one of its committees, the Saudi		
	Central Bank and other regulatory and supervisory		
	authorities must be notified on the specified dates		
	and in accordance with the relevant regulations,		
	rules, controls and instructions.		
	b) Replacement	b) Replacement	
	b.1) Taking into account the provisions of this	b.1) Taking into account the provisions of this	
	Articles of Association and in a manner that does	Articles of Association and in a manner that	
	not violate the Companies Law and the regulations,	does not violate the Companies Law and its	
	bylaws, and instructions related to the formation of	regulations, the laws, bylaws, and instructions	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	the Board of Directors in terms of the number and	related to the formation of the Board of	
	classification of its members, the minimum for the	Directors in terms of the number and	
	meeting, etc., if the position of a member of the	classification of its members, the minimum for	
	Board of Directors becomes vacant, the Board of	the meeting, etc., if the position of a member	
	Directors may, according to its discretion, take one	of the Board of Directors becomes vacant, the	
	of the following two options:	Board of Directors may, according to its	
	b.1.1) proceed with the existing number of the	discretion, take one of the following two	
	Board of Directors after the vacancy of the afore	options:	
	mentioned position / positions, provided that the		
	number of the members of the Board of Directors,		
	its qualitative composition, and the qualities of its		
	members are sufficient and appropriate and meet		
	the statutory and organizational requirements;	No amendment	
	b.1.2) to appoint a member temporarily to the		
	vacant position, according to the criteria regulating		
	the same;		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	Provided that the appointment shall not be made	Provided that the appointment shall not be	
	except after obtaining a prior nonobjection from	made except after obtaining a prior written non-	
	the Saudi Central Bank, and that the appointment	objection from the Saudi Central Bank, and that	
	shall be presented to the Ordinary General	the appointment shall be presented to the	
	Assembly at its first meeting, and the new member	Ordinary General Assembly at its first meeting,	
	shall complete the term of his predecessor.	and the new member shall complete the term of	
	b.2) If the number of the members of the Board of	his predecessor.	
	Directors is less than (7) members, the Board of		
	Directors becomes dissolved, and the remaining	No amendment	
	members must call the ordinary general assembly to		
	convene within sixty days to elect the necessary		
	number of members.		
	c) The bank's approved replacement policy and		
	mechanism determines the methods of the		
	replacement process, membership expiration,		
	termination, and other statuses thereof in		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	accordance with the regulatory requirements and		
	regulatory rules of the supervisory authorities.		
		b.3) In the event of failure to elect a Board for	Addition of new articles in
		new term and the term of the current Board has	accordance with the
		lapsed, the members of such Board shall, after	Companies Law and its
		obtaining a prior written nonobjection from the	Implementing Regulations
		Saudi Central Bank, continue to perform their	
		duties until a new Board is elected, provided	
		that the period of such continuation of the	
		lapsed Board does not exceed (90) days from the	
		end date of the Board's term. The Board shall	
		undertake all the necessary procedures to elect	
		a new Board that takes its replacement before	
		the expiry of the continuity period specified in	
		this paragraph.	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
		b.4) In the event that the chairman and	
		members of the Board resign, they shall call for	
		the Ordinary General Assembly meeting to	
		convene in order to elect a new Board. Such	
		resignation shall not be effective until a new	
		Board is elected, provided that the period of	
		such continuation of the resigned Board shall	
		not exceed (120) days from the date of such	
		resignation. The Board shall undertake all the	
		necessary procedures to elect a new Board that	
		takes its replacement before the expiry of the	
		continuity period specified in this paragraph.	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	Without prejudice to the Company's Law, the	Without prejudice to the Company's Law, the	
	Bank's Control regulation and the relevant	Bank's Control regulation and the relevant	
	instructions of the Saudi Central Bank, and without	instructions of the Saudi Central Bank, and	
	prejudice to the powers established for the General	without prejudice to the powers established for	
	Assembly, the Board of Directors shall have the	the General Assembly, the Board of Directors	
	broadest powers in managing the company's	shall have the broadest powers in managing	
Article 18 - Powers	business, drawing its policies, determining its	the company's business, drawing its policies,	Deleting (Memorandum of
	investments, and supervising its activities, business	determining its investments, and supervising its	Association)
and Specialty of the Board of Directors	and funds. For the purpose of carrying out its	activities, business and funds. For the purpose	
Board of Directors	duties, the Board has all powers and performs all	of carrying out its duties, the Board has all	
	the actions and deeds that the company is entitled	powers and performs all the actions and deeds	
	to perform under this Articles of Association or	that the company is entitled to perform under	
	Memorandum of Association, provided that the	this Articles of Association, provided that the	
	Articles of Association have not explicitly stipulated	Articles of Association have not explicitly	
	that these actions are among the powers of the	stipulated that these actions are among the	
		powers of the General Assembly. The Board of	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	General Assembly. The Board of Directors shall have	Directors shall have the following powers, but	
	the following powers, but not limited to:	not limited to:	
	a.18) Issuance of Sukuk and other debt		
	instruments:		
	The Board of Directors has the authority to issue		
	Sukuk and other private debt instruments as well as	No amendment	
	tradeable instruments of various kinds and names		
	in the Saudi currency and in foreign currencies,		
	through one or a series of issuances and in one or		
	several parts, according to the following controls		
	and limitations:		
	A18.1) that these Sukuk are not convertible into		
	shares.		
	a.18.2) that the value of these sukuk does not		
	exceed the value of the company's capital.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	a.18.3) Obtaining the approval of the regulatory	a.18.3) Obtaining the approval of the regulatory	
	authorities (no objection from the Saudi Central	authorities (written non-objection from the	Addition
	Bank).	Saudi Central Bank).	
	a.18.4) Adhere to the times, amounts, conditions,		
	and manner approved by the Board of Directors, to		
	take all necessary measures related to the issuance		
	of Sukuk and to obtain the approval of the		
	competent authorities, such as no objection from	No amendment	
	the Saudi Central Bank. Moreover, the Board has		
	the right to empower a person or number of		
	persons to exercise its power in regard to the Sukuk		
	issuance and authorize him/them to delegate all or		
	part of that power(s) to any other person(s)		
	b.18) The Board of Directors has the power to enter		
	into financial obligations for periods exceeding (3)		
	three years, collect the company's rights and pay its		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	obligations, absolve the company's debtors from	d.18) Regarding [other companies / entities]:	
	their obligations, make conciliation and resort to	Establishing companies or bodies/entities,	
	the judiciary and all bodies, committees and	participating, owning shares or stakes in them,	
	competent authorities, and arbitration. The Board	supervising or managing them, and signing their	
	has the right to approve and authorize the signing	Articles of Association and amendments	
	of all documents, facilities contracts and all	thereof, with the Notary Public, the Ministry of	
	commercial papers, and to provide guarantees and	Commerce, the Commercial Registration	
	warranties.	Department, and others, including the approval	
	c.18) Regarding [real estate]:	of partners' decisions to buy and sell shares or	
	The Board of Directors has the power to sell and	stakes, decisions to appoint managers, and	
	purchase real estate, emptying, accepting,	decisions of increasing or reducing the capital,	
	receiving the price, handing over the appraiser, the	approving all decisions of partners in the	
	mortgage, accepting the pledge, seizing it,	companies in which the company is a partner,	
	releasing it and amending it, receiving	attending meetings, voting on the terms of	
	compensation, leasing, receiving rent, renting,	these meetings, representing the company in its	
	paying and signing contracts for the	Boards of Directors, appointing and recruiting	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	aforementioned, and regarding receiving and	employees, terminating or transferring their	
	delivering instruments, amending, splitting,	services, appointing lawyers and agents and	
	dividing, merging, sorting and marginalizing	dismissing them or terminating their services.	
	instruments.		
	d.18) Regarding [other companies / entities]:		
	Establishing companies or bodies/entities,	No amendment	
	participating, owning shares or stakes in them,		
	supervising or managing them, and signing their		
	Articles of Association and amendments thereof,		
	with the Notary Public, the Ministry of Commerce,		
	the Ministry of Investment, the Commercial		
	Registration Department, and others, including the		
	approval of partners' decisions to buy and sell		
	shares or stakes, decisions to appoint managers,		
	and decisions of increasing or reducing the capital,		
	approving all decisions of partners in the companies		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	in which the company is a partner, attending meetings, voting on the terms of these meetings, representing the company in its Boards of Directors, appointing and recruiting employees, terminating or transferring their services, appointing lawyers and agents and dismissing them or terminating their services.  e.18). Regarding contracts, documents, opening and operating accounts:  Authentication, approval and authorization to sign all contracts, files and documents of all kinds;  Buying and selling securities and goods for the	No amendment	Amendment
	account of the company or its clients, replacing them, receiving their value and disbursing their profits		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	The right to approve the opening of accounts in		
	banks and financial companies, and operating		
	them, including the approval, and authorization to		
	sign all papers and documents, withdraw, deposit,		
	settle accounts, inquire about balances, request		
	account statements, receive them, request, receive		
	and sign checks, exchange and endorse them and		
	open bank credits of all kinds and perform transfers		
	between the company's accounts or between the		
	company's accounts and the accounts of others		
	with all banks inside and outside the Kingdom and		
	conducting all transactions and banking		
	transactions. The Board of Directors has the right to		
	delegate and dismiss others in all or some of what		
	it is assigned to, and the agent has the right to		
	delegate others in all or some of what he is assigned		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	to, and to permit the agent of the agent to		
	authorize others in all or some of what it is assigned		
	to.		
	The Board of Directors has the right - within the		
	limits of what is stipulated in the corporate Law and		
	its bylaws, bylaws, and rules issued by the relevant		
	supervisory and regulatory authorities - to entrust		
	any of its powers to its chairman or his deputy and		
	/ or to the managing director or any member of the		
	Board of Directors or to any committee formed		
	from members of the Board or to any of the		
	authorized employees or workers of the company.		
	The Board also has the right to delegate any person		
	with specific authority or powers for the period that		
	the Board deems appropriate. Nevertheless, the		
	Board of Directors is not entitled to donate any of		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	the company's funds except within the limits		
	established in the laws and regulations in force in		
	the Kingdom and what is customary.		
	The Board of Directors forms a number of	The Board of Directors forms a number of	
	committees affiliated with it to help it perform its	committees affiliated with it to help it perform	
	role and responsibilities according to the regulations	its role and responsibilities according to the	
	and rules issued by the General Assembly or the	regulations and rules issued by the General	
	Board - as the case may be - in a manner that does	Assembly or the Board - as the case may be - in	
Article 19 –	not conflict with the regulations and organizational	a manner that does not conflict with the	
<b>Board Committees</b>	rules of the regulatory authorities, and the	regulations and organizational rules of the	
and Audit Committee	formation of these committees is from among the	regulatory authorities, and the formation of	
	members of the Board and / or from outside it,	these committees is from among the members	
	provided that the head of each committee is from	of the Board and / or from outside it, provided	Addition
	among the members of the Board of Directors, and	that the head of each committee is from among	
	to obtain a nonobjection of the Saudi Central Bank	the members of the Board of Directors, and to	
		obtain a written nonobjection of the Saudi	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	to choose the members and heads of these	Central Bank to choose the members and heads	
	committees.	of these committees.	
	The auditing committee is formed and its	The auditing committee is formed and its	
	regulations are approved by a decision of the	regulations are approved by a decision of the	
	Ordinary General Assembly - after obtaining no	Ordinary General Assembly - after obtaining a	
	objection from the Saudi Central Bank to the	written non-objection from the Saudi Central	
	candidates - in accordance with the provisions of	Bank to the candidates - in accordance with the	
	the companies' Law and its regulations, and the	provisions of the companies' Law and its	
	relevant regulatory regulations, rules and controls.	regulations, and the relevant regulatory	
	The Chairman of the Board provides the Saudi	regulations, rules and controls.	
	Central Bank with a list that includes all the	No amendment	
	committees affiliated with the Board, their tasks,		
	work procedures, and the names of their members.		
	a) The remuneration of the Chairman and	a) The remuneration of the Chairman and	
Article 20 - Rewards	members of the Board of Directors and its	members of the Board of Directors and its	
	committees shall be according to what is	committees shall be according to what is	



Article No.		Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
				Amendment
		approved by the General Assembly or the Board	approved by the General Assembly or the Board	
		- according to the circumstances - and the	- according to the circumstances - and the	
		policies and regulations issued - within the	policies and regulations issued - within the limits	
		limits of what is stipulated in the corporate Law	of what is stipulated in relevant rules and	
		and its regulations, and the relevant rules and	regulations - such as the controls and	
		regulations - such as the controls and	instructions issued by the competent supervisory	
		instructions issued by the competent	authorities such as the Saudi Central Bank, the	
		supervisory authorities such as the Saudi	Capital Market Authority and others.	
		Central Bank, the Capital Market Authority and		
		others.		
	b)	The annual report of the Board of Directors to	No amendment	
		the General Assembly includes a		
		comprehensive statement of all the sums		
		obtained by the members during the		
		Company's financial year, including		
		remuneration, attendance allowance, and		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	petty cash, as well as cash or in-kind benefits.  The aforementioned report also includes a statement of the sums obtained by the members of the Board in their capacity as authorized employees in the Company or its workers, or what they received in exchange for technical, administrative or advisory services.		
Article 21 – Board Chairman, Vice Chairman, Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer, and Secretary	Without prejudice to the provisions contained in the Company's Law and its Regulations, the Banking Control Law and its Regulations, and other regulations and rules issued by the relevant supervisory and regulatory authorities, the regulations for appointing and defining the powers and competencies shall be according to the following:	No amendment  21.a.1) The Board of Directors shall appoint from among its members a Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Board - after obtaining a written non-objection from the Saudi Central	

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	21.a) Appointing the Chairman, Vice Chairman,	Bank. In case of the absence of the Board	
	Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer and	Chairman for any reason, the Vice Chairman of	Addition
	Secretariat and determining their powers:	the Board shall represent him and he shall have	Addition
	21.a.1) The Board of Directors shall appoint from	the full powers of the Chairman of the Board of	
	among its members a Chairman and Deputy	Directors stipulated in this Articles of Association	
	Chairman of the Board - after obtaining a non-	during his absence.	
	objection from the Saudi Central Bank. In case of		
	the absence of the Board Chairman for any reason,	21.a.2) After obtaining a written non-objection	
	the Vice Chairman of the Board shall represent him	from the Saudi Central Bank, the Board of	
	and he shall have the full powers of the Chairman	Directors appoints the CEO, and specifies his	
	of the Board of Directors stipulated in this Articles	responsibilities and powers.	
	of Association during his absence.		Addition
	21.a.2) After obtaining no objection from the Saudi		
	Central Bank, the Board of Directors appoints the	No amendment	
	CEO, and specifies his responsibilities and powers.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	21.a.3) The Board of Directors may delegate one of		
	its members to represent him in managing the bank		
	and monitoring the implementation of its	21.a.4) The Board of Directors appoints a	
	instructions. The Board of Directors may entrust and	secretariat from among its members or from	
	assign to the delegated member any authority	others - after obtaining a written non-objection	
	exercised by the Board in accordance with any	from the Saudi Central Bank - who shall be	
	provisions, conditions or restrictions that the Board	concerned with establishing the Board's	
	deems appropriate. It is not permissible to combine	deliberations and decisions and recording them	
	the position of Chairman of the Board of Directors	in the relevant register as well as keeping this	
	and any executive position in the Company, and the	record and his remuneration is determined by a	
	Board of Directors has the right from time to time	decision of the Board of Directors, and the term	
	to cancel, withdraw or change all or any of these	of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the	
	powers, and the membership of the Managing	Managing Director, the Secretary of the Board,	
	Director ends automatically if for any reason he	and the Member of the Board of Directors shall	
	ceases to exercise his duties.	not exceed the term of their respective	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	21.a.4) The Board of Directors appoints a	memberships in the Board, and they may always	Addition
	secretariat from among its members or from others	be reappointed.	
	- after obtaining a non-objection from the Saudi		
	Central Bank - who shall be concerned with		
	establishing the Board's deliberations and decisions		
	and recording them in the relevant register as well		
	as keeping this record and his remuneration is		
	determined by a decision of the Board of Directors,		
	and the term of the Chairman of the Board of		
	Directors, the Managing Director, the Secretary of	No amendment	
	the Board, and the Member of the Board of		
	Directors shall not exceed the term of their		
	respective memberships in the Board, and they may		
	always be reappointed.		
	21-b) Competencies and Powers of the Chairman		
	of the Board of Directors:		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	21.b.1) Chairing the Board of Directors meetings as		
	well as the General Assembly meetings.		
	21.b.2) Representing the company and litigate on		
	its behalf: such as:		
	21.b.2.1) Representing it in its relations with others		
	and before all governmental and private agencies		
	and bodies, companies, institutions, public courts,		
	notaries public, judicial and quasijudicial		
	committees of all kinds, and all natural and legal		
	persons inside and outside the Kingdom.		
	21.b.2.2) Attending, signing, filing lawsuits,		
	hearing them, striking them off, suspending them,	No amendment	
	submitting evidence, hearing it, challenging it, trial,		
	litigation, pleading, defense, acceptance of		
	judgments, requesting appeal of judgments,		
	petitioning for reconsideration, approval, denial,		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	acquittal, conciliation, waiver and settlement with		
	or without compensation, requesting the oath and		
	denial thereof, appointing experts and arbitrators,		
	and accepting or refusing their decisions, request,		
	admission and rejection of witnesses, submission of		
	objection regulations, lawsuit regulations, defense		
	memoranda, receipt of instruments, notifying and		
	being notified in any case or complaint filed by or		
	against the Company before all bodies and courts		
	of different types and degrees, the Board of		
	Grievances, the judicial and quasi-judicial		
	committees, and all investigative entities.		
	21-b.2.3) He has the right to review all ministries,		
	emirates, governorates, public and private entities	No amendment	
	and institutions, police offices, civil rights and		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	enforcement departments, chambers of commerce		
	and industry, and register trademarks.		
	21.b.2.4) He has the right to execute judgments by		
	any means and implement the articles of the legal	No amendment	
	pleadings law, and he has the right to request the		
	imprisonment of debtors, their eviction, the travel		
	ban, the request for seizure of debtors' funds,		
	ratification and release, and the submission and		
	receipt of all necessary summons, regulations,		
	reports, written and verbal answers, testimony and		
	signing on behalf of the Company all that is needed		
	and submitting it to the official and non-official		
	entities, acknowledging the Company's clearance		
	for collecting receivables and rights from debtors,		
	denying and challenging for forgery.		
	21.b.3) in relation to [real estate]:		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	The right to sell and release to the buyer, receive		
	the price, buy, accept assignment, accept		
	emptying, mortgage, accept mortgage, release	No amendment	
	mortgage, amend mortgage, merge instruments,		
	split, sort, receive, update, and enter instruments		
	into the comprehensive system, extract instruments		
	instead of lost and damaged, waive space shortages		
	and convert agricultural lands into residential and		
	appear before notaries public to inquire about real		
	estate, certify copies of deeds, rent and lease, sign		
	lease contracts, renew, amend, annul and cancel		
	them, and receive and deliver the rent.		
	21.b.4) With respect to [companies / entities]:		
	Signing contracts for the establishment of		
	subsidiary companies or in which the company		
	participates, signing amendment annexes and		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	partners' decisions, appointing and removing		
	managers, opening accounts with banks in the		
	name of the company and closing them, signing		
	agreements, signing article of associations and		
	amendment annexes with a notary public,		
	extracting and renewing commercial records,		
	extracting and renewing licenses from all		
	government agencies .		
	21.b.5) The Chairman of the Board of Directors may		
	delegate and dismiss others in all or some of the		
	powers aforementioned in paragraphs (21.b.2,		
	21.b.3, 21.b.4) and he has the right to grant the		
	agent the right to delegate others to do so		
	The number of the Board of Directors meetings shall	No amendment	
Article 22 - Meetings	be according to the rules and instructions issued by		
	the regulatory authorities, and the Board of		

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	Directors shall meet at the invitation of its		
	Chairman, and the invitation shall be accompanied		
	by an agenda. The Chairman of the Board of		
	Directors must call for the meeting whenever two	No amendment	
	of the members so requested. The invitation is sent		
	to each member via mail, e-mail, or through any of		
	the approved technology means at least two weeks		
	before the scheduled date of the meeting, with the		
	exception of emergency or unscheduled meetings.		
	- Meetings may be held remotely through video		
	conferences or conference calls and through the		
	means, channels and programs approved by the		
	bank, and to sign or obtain approval for them and		
	decisions, recommendations and minutes		
	electronically according to the secure mechanisms		
	and means approved by the bank.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	A Board meeting shall be valid only if attended in	A Board meeting shall be valid only if attended	Rephrase as per corporate
	person or by proxy by at least seven (7) members,	(in person or by proxy) by at least seven (7)	governance regulations
	six (6) of whom should attend in person, including	members, six (6) of whom should attend in	
	the Chairman of the Board of Directors or his vice.	person, including the Chairman of the Board of	
	In the event that a Board member delegates	Directors or his vice. In the event that a Board	
	another member to attend the Board meetings on	member delegates another member to attend	
	behalf of him, the delegation should be governed	the Board meetings on behalf of him, the	
Article 23 - Quorum	by the following controls:	delegation should be governed by the following	
Of Meetings	a) No member may be allowed to act on behalf of	controls:	
	more than one member in the same meeting.		
	b) The proxy should be in writing.		
	c) An acting member may not vote on certain		
	resolutions as provided for by applicable law.		
	As a general rule, the decisions of the Board of	No amendment	
	Directors are issued by the majority of the members		
	present or representatives, with the preponderance		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	of the side for which the Chairman of the Board of Directors or his representative voted in case of equal votes, and in all cases the number of votes in support of the decision must not be less than five votes		
Article 24 - Resolutions of the Board	The Board may issue some of its decisions by passing to the members dispersed through mail, email, or any of the approved technical means of communication unless a member requests in writing the Board meeting for deliberation, and these decisions are presented to the Board of Directors at its first subsequent meeting. The Board of Directors' deliberations and decisions are confirmed in minutes signed by the Board of Directors' Chairman, the attending members, and	No amendment	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	the secretariat. These minutes are recorded in a special file for reference when needed		
Part 4 - Shareholde	rs' Associations		
Article 25 -	A properly formed general assembly represents all shareholders and is held in the city in which the company's head office is located.  Every shareholder, regardless of the number of his shares, has the right to attend the General Assembly, and the shareholder may delegate another person to attend the General Assembly on his behalf, other than the members of the Board of Directors, the Company's employees, or those charged with permanently carrying out technical or administrative work for his account	No amendment	
Article 26 –	Every subscriber, regardless of the number of his shares, has the right to attend the constituent	Article 26 – General and Special Assemblies:	

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
The Constituent	assembly by authenticity or on behalf of other	General and special assemblies shall convene,	Any reference or text
Assembly and Its	subscribers.	their powers shall be defined, and their	related to constituent
Terms of Reference	26. b) The Constituent Assembly is held at the	resolutions shall be issued in accordance with	assembly has been deleted
	invitation of the founders in accordance with the	the Companies Law and its regulations and the	as uncessary and the rest
	corporate Law, and is specialized in the following	provisions of these Articles of Association.	has been rephrased and
	matters:		edited accordingy.
	26.b.1) Verification of underwriting of all the		
	capital and of fulfillment in accordance with the		
	provisions of the corporate Law with the minimum	Delete	
	amount of capital and the amount due from the		
	value of the shares		
	26.b.2) Establishing the final provisions of the		
	Company's Articles of Association, but it is not		
	permissible for it to make substantial amendments		
	to the Articles of Association presented to it except		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	with the approval of all the subscribers represented		
	in it.		
	26.b.3) Appointing the Company's first Board of	Delete	
	Directors.		
	26.b.4) Appointing two auditors for the Company		
	and determining their fees.		
	26.b.5) Discussing the founders' report on the		
	business and expenses required by the		
	incorporation.		
	26.c) For its validity to be convened, the presence		
	of a number of subscribers representing at least half		
	of the capital, and each subscriber in its meetings		
	shall have a vote for each share subscribed to or		
	represented.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	26.d) Decisions are issued in the Constituent Assembly by an absolute majority of the shares represented in it		
Article 27 - Ordinary General Assembly	Without prejudice to the provisions of the Banking Control Law and other relevant regulations and instructions issued by the Saudi Central Bank, with the exception of matters pertaining to the Extraordinary General Assembly, the Ordinary General Assembly shall be concerned with all matters related to the Company and it shall be held at least once a year during the six months following the end of the Financial Year of the Company, and other meetings of ordinary assemblies are held whenever the need arises.	No amendment	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
Article 28 - Extraordinary General Assembly	Taking into account the provisions of the Banking Control Law and other relevant regulations, and the instructions issued by the Saudi Central Bank, the Extraordinary General Assembly shall have the authority to amend the Company's statute with the exception of provisions that it is prohibited to amend by law. It may issue decisions on matters falling within the jurisdiction of the Ordinary General Assembly, under the same terms and conditions as the last assembly.	No amendment	
Article 29 - General Assemblies Of Shareholders	a) The general assemblies of the shareholders shall convene upon the invitation of the Board of Directors, and the Board of Directors shall call the Ordinary General Assembly if requested by the Saudi Central Bank, the two auditors,	a) The general and special assemblies of the shareholders shall convene upon the invitation of the Board of Directors. The Board shall invite the Ordinary General Assembly to convene within (30) days from the request of the Saudi Central Bank, the two auditors, the audit	In accordance with the Companies Law and its Implmenting Regulations

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Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
			Amendment
	the audit committee, or a number of	committee or a number of shareholders holding	
	shareholders representing at least (5%)	shares equal to at least (10%) ten percent of the	
	five percent of the Company's capital. The	voting share capital of the Company. The	
	auditor may invite the assembly to	auditor may invite the Ordinary General	
	convene if the Board does not invite the	Assembly to convene if the Board does not invite	
	assembly within thirty days from the date	the assembly within thirty days from the date of	
	of the auditor's request. The invitation to	the auditor's request. The request referred to in	
	convene the general assembly, after	this paragraph shall state the items on which	
	obtaining the approval of the Capital	shareholders shall vote.	
	Market Authority, is published in a daily		
	newspaper distributed in the area where		
	the head office of the Company is located		
	twenty-one (21) days at least before the		
	date set for the meeting. The invitation		
	shall include the agenda, and a copy of		
	the invitation and the agenda shall be sent		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	to the Saudi Central Bank and the General Administration of Companies at the Ministry of Commerce, as well as a copy to the Capital Market Authority within the specified period for publication. b) By a decision from the competent authority, it is permissible to invite the Ordinary General Assembly to convene in the following cases:	b) By a decision from the competent authority, it is permissible to invite the Ordinary General Assembly to convene in the following cases:	
	b-1) If the period specified for the meeting stipulated in Article (27) of the Company's Articles of Association has passed without convening; b-2) If the number of members of the Board of Directors is less than the minimum for its valid convening, taking into account the regulating	b-1) If the period specified for the meeting stipulated in Article (27) of the Company's Articles of Association has passed without convening; b-2) If it is established that the provisions of this Law or the company's articles of association are violated or that there is a fault in the company's	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	rules related to Article (17), paragraphs (B) and	management, including cases in which the	
	(C).	number of board members falls below the	Commonications
	b.3) If it is found that there are violations of the	minimum number required for the validity of	Companies Law,
	provisions of the Companies Law or the	board meetings, taking into account the	Editing, and numbering
	Company's Articles of Association, or a defect in	regulating rules related to Article (17),	
	the management of the company.	paragraphs (B) and (C).	
	b.4) If the Board does not direct invitation to	b.4) If the board of directors fails to call for an	
	convene the General Assembly within fifteen days	ordinary general assembly meeting within (30)	
	from the date of the request of the auditor or the	thirty days from the date of the request of the	
	audit committee or a number of shareholders	auditor or the audit committee or a number of	
	representing (5%) of the capital at least.	shareholders representing (10%) ten percent of	
		the voting share capital of the Company.	
		Delete	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	A number of shareholders representing (2%) of the capital at least may submit an application to	c) The invitation to the general and special assemblies shall be sent through modern	Deleted from the Companies Law
	the competent authority to call the Ordinary  General Assembly to convene, if any of the cases	technological means at least twenty-one (21) days before the date of the meeting and shall be	
	stipulated in Paragraph (B) of this Article are	published on the Capital Market Authority's	
	available. The Company shall send the invitation to convene within thirty days from the date of	website and the company's website, after obtaining the approval of the Capital Market	Companies Law
	submitting the shareholders' request, provided that the invitation includes a schedule of the	Authority. The invitation shall include the agenda, and a copy of the invitation and agenda	·
	Assembly's work and the items required to be approved by the shareholders.	shall be sent to the Saudi Central Bank, the Commercial Register and Capital Market	
		Authority at the time of the announcement.  Shareholders may participate in the meetings and deliberations of General or Special	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
		Assemblies, and have access to the agendas and related documents thereof using methods of contemporary technologies pursuant to the Companies Law's implementing regulations related to Listed Joint Stock Companies and relevant laws and regulations.	Implmenting Regulations of Companies Laws
Article 30 - Documenting Attendance and Its Method	At the meeting of the General Assembly, a list shall be issued with the names of the shareholders present and represented and their places of residence, with an indication of the number of shares they hold by authenticity or by proxy, and the number of votes allotted to them. Everyone with an interest shall have access to this list.	No amendment	
Article 31 - Quorum for Meetings of the	A meeting of the Ordinary General Assembly shall be valid only if attended by shareholders representing at least one-quarter of the capital. If	No amendment	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
Ordinary General Assembly	such quorum is not attained in the first meeting, a second meeting shall be held one hour after the lapse of time set for the first meeting, provided that the invitation for holding the first meeting indicates the possibility of holding such meeting. In all cases, the second meeting shall be valid regardless of the number of shares represented therein.		
Article 32 - Quorum for Meetings of the Extraordinary General Assembly	<ul> <li>a) A meeting of the Extraordinary General Assembly shall be valid only if attended by shareholders representing at least one-half of the capital. This invitation shall be announced in the manner stipulated in Article (29-a) of this Articles of Association.</li> <li>b) If such quorum is not attained in the first meeting, a second meeting shall be held one hour after the lapse of time set for the first</li> </ul>	No amendment	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	meeting, provided that the invitation for		
	holding the first meeting indicates the		
	possibility of holding such meeting. The second		
	meeting shall be valid if attended by a number		
	of shareholders representing at least one-		
	quarter of the capital.		
	If quorum is not attained in the second meeting, an		
	invitation shall be made for a third meeting to be		
	held under the same conditions provided for in		
	Article 29-a of this Article of Association. The third		
	meeting shall be valid regardless of the number of		
	shares represented therein after obtaining the		
	approval of the competent authority.		
Article 33 - Voting at	Each shareholder shall have one vote per share at	No amendment	
Meetings of the	General Assemblies. However, the members of the		
Assemblies	Board of Directors may not participate in voting on		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	the decisions of the General Assembly related to		
	their remuneration, privileges and acquitting them		
	by their management, or giving them the necessary		
	licenses to carry out some work that involves self-		
	interest, or to renew these licenses. Voting on the		
	selection of the members of the Board of Directors		
	in the General Assembly shall be by cumulative		
	voting, and in general, members of the Board of		
	Directors may not participate in voting on every		
	subject that the Companies Law and its regulations		
	stipulate that they abstain from voting.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments		Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
Article 34 - Resolutions	The resolutions of the Ordinary General Assembly shall be issued by the absolute majority of the shares represented in the meeting.  The resolutions of the Extraordinary General Assembly shall also be issued by a majority of two-thirds of the shares (2/3) represented in the meeting, unless the decision is related to an increase or decrease of the capital or extending the term of the Company or the dissolution of the Company before the expiration of the period specified in its statute or the incorporation of the Company into another company or institution. The decision shall not be valid unless it is issued by a majority of three quarters of the shares (3/4) represented at the meeting.	1. 2.	The resolutions of the Ordinary General Assembly shall be issued by the absolute majority of the shares represented in the meeting.  The resolutions of the Extraordinary General Assembly shall also be issued by a majority of two- thirds of the shares (2/3) represented in the meeting, unless the decision is related to an increase or decrease of the capital or extending the term of the Company or the dissolution of the Company before the expiration of the period specified in its statute or the incorporation of the Company into another company or institution. The decision shall not be valid unless it is issued by a majority	Numbering  New text added according to the Companies Law



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
		of three quarters of the shares (3/4) represented at the meeting.  3. Decisions of a general assembly shall become effective from the date of their issuance, unless this Law, the company's articles of association, or said decisions stipulate a specific date or condition for their effectiveness.  4. Decisions of the extraordinary general assembly which are required to be registered with the Commercial Register as prescribed by the Regulations shall be registered therewith by the board of directors within 15 days from their issuance date	



Article No.	Article before Amendments		Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
				Amendment
Article 35 - Agenda	Each shareholder has the right to discuss the topics listed on the agenda of the assemblies, and to direct questions about them to the members of the Board of Directors and the auditors. The Board of Directors or the auditors answer the shareholders' questions to the extent that does not jeopardize the Company's interest. If the shareholder considers that the answer to his question is not convincing, he appeals to the General Assembly, and its decision in this regard shall be enforceable.	1.	The board of directors shall, when preparing the agenda of the general assembly, take into consideration the matters that shareholders wish to include. A shareholder, or more, representing at least 10% of the company's voting shares may add an item, or more, to the agenda during its preparation in accordnace with relevant rules and proceudures.  Each shareholder has the right to discuss the topics listed on the agenda of the assemblies, and to direct questions about them to the members of the Board of Directors and the auditors. The Board of Directors or the auditors answer the shareholders' questions to the extent that	New text added according to the Companies Law, Numbering



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
		does not jeopardize the Company's	
		interest. If the shareholder considers that	
		the answer to his question is not	
		sufficient, he appeals to the General	
		Assembly, and its decision in this regard	
		shall be enforceable	
	The General Assembly shall be chaired by the	ARTICLE 36 – MANGGING / PRESIDING	
	Chairman of the Board of Directors or his deputy in	ASSEMBLIES:	
	his absence, or whoever is delegated by the Board	The General Assembly shall be chaired by the	
	of Directors from among its members in the event	Chairman of the Board of Directors or his deputy	
Article 36 - Presiding	of the absence of the Chairman and his deputy.	in his absence, or whoever is delegated by the	
Over Assemblies	Minutes of the meeting of the assembly are drawn	Board of Directors from among its members in	
	up that include the number of shareholders present	the event of the absence of the Chairman and	
	or represented, the number of shares they hold in	his deputy. In the event that the chairman and	Carra anata Carrana
	person or by proxy, the number of votes assigned	the deputy chairman of the Board are both	Corporate Governance
	to them and the resolutions that it toke, the	absent, the General Assembly shall be chaired	Regulations



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	number of votes it approved or disagreed with, and	by the Board Members, or third parties chosen	
	a complete summary of the discussions that took	by the shareholders by voting. Minutes of the	
	place in the meeting. Minutes are recorded	meeting of the assembly are drawn up that	
	regularly after each meeting in a special register	include the number of shareholders present in	
	signed by the Assemblies Chairman, secretary and	person or by proxy, the number of shares they	
	vote collector.	hold in person or by proxy, the number of votes	
		assigned to them and the resolutions that it	
		toke, the number of votes it approved or	
		disagreed with, and a complete summary of the	
		discussions that took place in the meeting.	
		Minutes are recorded regularly after each	
		meeting in a special register signed by the	
		Assemblies Chairman, secretary and vote	
		collector	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
Part 5 - Auditor			
Article 37 - Appointment	The Company shall have two auditors from among the auditors authorized to work in the Kingdom, to be appointed annually by the Ordinary General Assembly, who shall determine the remuneration and duration of work for each of them, and it may reappoint them in accordance with the controls and provisions set by the relevant laws, regulations and instructions.	The Company shall have two auditors from among the auditors authorized to work in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, to be appointed annually by the Ordinary General Assembly, who shall determine the remuneration and duration of work for each of them, and it may reappoint them in accordance with the controls and provisions set by the relevant laws, regulations and instructions.	
Article 38 - Powers and Responsibilities of the Auditor	The powers and responsibilities of the auditors shall be determined in accordance with the Companies Law and its controls, as well as the other governing regulations, controls and rules, the most important of which are the following:	No amendment	



Article No.		Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	a)	The auditor has the right at all times to review		
		the Company's books, records and other		
		documents related to his mission. He may		
		request data and clarifications that he deems		
		necessary to obtain, and he may also verify the		
		Company's assets and obligations.		
	b)	The auditor shall submit to the annual general		
		assembly a report that includes the Company's		
		position on enabling him to obtain the data and		
		clarifications he requested, and what he has		
		revealed of violations of the provisions of the	No amendment	
		Companies Law and the Banking Control Law		
		or the provisions of this Law and his opinion on		
		the fairness of the financial statements and the		
		conformity of the Company's accounts to the	No amendment	
		facts, and any other reports that fall within his		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	duties in accordance with the regulating regulations and instructions.  c) The auditor may not disclose to the shareholders, in a general assembly or to a third party, the Company's secrets that have come to his knowledge due to the performance of his work, otherwise he must be dismissed in addition to claiming him for compensation.  d) The auditor shall be responsible for compensating the harm that befalls the Company, shareholders or third parties due to errors committed by him in the performance of his work; and if there are multiple auditors and they participate in the error, they shall be jointly liable	e) The auditor may not, while serving as an auditor of a company, participate in its incorporation or management or serve as a member of its board of directors, nor may he purchase or sell interests or shares thereof. He may not be a partner, employee, or relative of any of the company's incorporators, managers, or board members.	New text added according to the Companies Law



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment		
Part 6 - Company A	Part 6 - Company Accounts and Dividends				
Article 39 – The Fiscal Year	The Company's fiscal year begins on the first day of January and ends on the last day of December of each Gregorian year, provided that the Company's first fiscal year begins from the date of the decision announcing the establishment of the Company until the end of December of the following year.	No amendment			
Article 40 - Financial Documents	The Board of Directors shall, at the end of each fiscal year, prepare the financial statements of the Company, and a report on its activities and financial position for the past financial year. This report includes the method it proposes for distributing net profits, and the Board of Directors puts these documents at the disposal of the auditors at least	The Board of Directors shall, at the end of each fiscal year, prepare the financial statements of the Company, and a report on its activities and financial position for the past financial year. This report shall include the method it proposes for distributing net profits, and the Board of Directors puts these documents at the disposal of the auditors at least (45) forty-five days			



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	(45) forty-five days before the date set for	before the date set for convening the General	
	convening the General Assembly.	Assembly.	
	The Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chief	The Chairman of the Board of Directors, the	
	Executive Officer and the Financial Director shall	Chief Executive Officer and the Financial	
	sign the aforementioned documents, and they shall	Director shall sign the aforementioned	
	be deposited at the head office of the Company at	documents, and copies thereof shall be	
	the disposal of the shareholders at least (21)	deposited at the head office of the Company at	
	twenty-one days before the date of the General	the disposal of the shareholders. The chairman	
	Assembly. The Chairman of the Board of Directors	of the board of directors shall provide	
	shall provide the shareholders with the Company's	shareholders with the company's financial	Companies Law and its
	financial statements, the Board's report, and the	statements, the board's report, and the	Implementing Regulations
	auditor's report, unless they are published in a daily	auditor's report, unless they are published using	
	newspaper distributed in the region where the	any means of technology, at least 21 days prior	
	Company's head office is located, and send a copy	to the date set for the general assembly	
	of these documents to the Saudi Central Bank, the	meeting. The chairman of the board shall also	
	Ministry of Commerce and the Capital Market		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	Authority at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date	deposit such documents in accordance with	
	of the General Assembly meeting	relevant regulations and instructions.	
	a) The net annual profits of the Company that it	No amendment	
	determines shall be distributed after deducting all		
	general expenses and other costs, and creating the		
	necessary precautions to face doubtful debts,		
	investment losses and emergency obligations that		
	the Board of Directors deems necessary in		
Article 41 - Profits	accordance with the provisions of the Banking		
Distribution	Control Law and the directives of the Saudi Central		
	Bank as follows:		
		No amendment	
	a.1) The sums required to pay the Zakat prescribed		
	for shareholders are calculated, and the Company		
	pays these sums to the competent authorities.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	a.2) Transferring no less than 25% of the remaining		
	net profits after the Zakat deduction to the		
	statutory reserve account until it becomes at least		
	equal to the paid up capital.		
	a.3) Allocating (from the remaining profits after		
	deducting the Zakat and reserve amounts) at least		
	5% of the paid-up capital to be distributed to		
	shareholders as proposed by the Board of Directors		
	and decided by the General Assembly. If the		
	remaining profit is insufficient to cover this amount		
	(5%), shareholders shall have no right to claim the		
	payment of the same in the next year/years. The		
	General Assembly shall have no right to distribute		
	profits in excess of the amounts decided by the	No amendment	
	Board of Directors.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
			Amenament
	a.4) The remaining balance (after allocating the		
	amounts referred to in paragraphs 1, 2, 3) of this		
	Article shall be used as proposed by the Board of		
	Directors and decided by the General Assembly.		
	b) Subject to the provisions of Paragraph (a) of this		
	Article, the Company may distribute interim		
	dividends to its shareholders on a biannual or		
	quarterly basis after fulfilling the following		
	requirements:		
	b.1) The issuance of a resolution by the General		
	Assembly renewed annually authorizing the Board		
	to distribute interim dividends.		
	b.2) The company shall enjoy regular positive		
	profitability.		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	b.3) The company shall enjoy reasonable liquidity,		
	and is able to reasonably foresee the scale of its		
	profits.		
	b.4) The Company shall have distributable profits		
	from one or more previous years, according to the		
	latest audited annual financial statements,		
	sufficient to cover the proposed dividend		
	distribution, after deducting the amounts		
	distributed and capitalized of the profits after the		
	date of the these financial statements.		
	The Board must implement the General Assembly	No amendment	
Article 42 - Payment	resolution with respect to dividend distribution to		
of Dividends to	the Registered Shareholders within fifteen (15) days		
Shareholders	from the date they become entitled to such		
	dividends as determined in such resolution, or the		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	Board's resolution for the distribution of interim dividends.		Amendment
Chapter 7 - Dispute	es .		
Article 43 - Liability Lawsuit:	Every shareholder has the right to file a liability claim on behalf of the Company against the members of the Board of Directors if the mistake they committed would cause his own damage, provided that the Company's right to file this lawsuit still exists, and the shareholder must notify the Company of his intention to file the lawsuit.	No amendment	
Chapter 8 - The Compa	nny's Losses, Termination, and Liquidation		
Article 44 - Losses of The Company:	a) If the losses of the Company reach half of the paid-up capital, at any time during the fiscal year, the Saudi Central Bank must be informed of this, and any official in the Company or the	If the losses of the Company reach half of the issued capital, the board of directors shall, within 60 days from the date of its knowledge thereof, announce the losses and the	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
	auditor must immediately inform the Chairman of the Board of Directors, and the Chairman of the Board of Directors must inform the members of the Board immediately of the same. The Board of Directors must, within fifteen days of being aware of this, call the Extraordinary General Assembly to a meeting within forty- five days from the date on which it became aware of the losses; to decide either to increase or decrease the Company's capital in accordance with the provisions of the Law, to the extent that the percentage of losses decreases to less than half of the paid-up capital, or to dissolve the Company before the term specified in Article (5) of this Articles of Association .	recommendations relating thereto, and shall, within 180 days from said date, call for an extraordinary general assembly meeting to consider the continuation of the company by taking measures necessary to resolve such losses or the dissolution of the company, after obtaining a written non-objection from the Saudi Central Bank.  Delete	Amendment  Companies Law



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	b) The Company shall be deemed terminated by the force of the corporate Law if the Extraordinary General Assembly does not meet during the period specified in Paragraph (a) of this Article, or if it convenes and is unable to issue a decision on the matter, or if it decides to increase the capital according to the conditions stipulated in this Article and the subscription has not been made in each capital		Deleted according to the  Companies Law
	increase within ninety days from the issuance of the Assembly's decision to increase, after obtaining the approval of the Saudi Central Bank in accordance with the Banking Control Law		



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
Article 45 - Mechanisms of Company Liquidation	When the Company is dissolved, it moves to the liquidation phase, provided that it retains its legal personality to the extent necessary to complete the liquidation work. The voluntary liquidation decision is issued by the Extraordinary General Assembly based on the proposal of the Board of Directors (after obtaining the prior written approval of the Saudi Central Bank and according to the conditions it specifies). The liquidation decision must include the appointment of the liquidator (one or more of the partners or others), the determination of his / her powers/authorities and fees, the restrictions imposed on his / her powers/ authorities and the time required for the liquidation, in accordance with the controls contained in the corporate Law, its bylaws, and other relevant rules and regulations.	No amendment	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for Amendment
	The authority of the Board of Directors ends with the Company's dissolution / termination, and yet the Board of Directors continues in the management of the Company and are counted in relation to others as liquidators until the liquidator is appointed. The Assemblies and bodies of the Company shall retain their competencies to the extent that they do not conflict with the competencies of the liquidators.		
Part 9 - Final Provisi	ons		
Article 46 - Companies Law and Related Regulations	The provisions of the corporate law, its regulations and controls, the Banking Control Law, its regulations and controls, the regulations, rules and other related regulatory instructions, and the instructions issued by the Saudi Central Bank, shall	Any text in these articles of association in violation of the provisions of the Companies Law, the Banking Control Law, the instructions of the Saudi Central Bank, or any other laws or relevant regulations, shall not be effective, and the provisions of the Companies Law and	



Article No.	Article before Amendments	Proposed Amendment	Reasons for
			Amendment
	be applied to all that is not mentioned in this Articles of Association.	relevant laws and regulations shall apply. The Companies Law and other laws and regulations	
		shall apply to all that is not mentioned in this  Articles of Association.	
Article 47 - Deposit of the Articles of Association	This Articles of Association shall be established and published in accordance with the provisions of the Corporate Law and its regulations. The provisions of the Banking Control Law shall be taken into consideration with the regulatory decisions and rules issued by the Saudi Central Bank that are consistent with the nature of banking business in accordance with the provisions of Islamic Sharia.	No amendment	



#### نموذج التوكيل Proxy Form

#### Dear Bank Albilad's Shareholders

#### السادة مساهمي بنك البلاد الكرام

The proxy form is not available as the general assembly meeting will be conducted by means of modern technology. The shareholders can participate in the General Assembly via electronic voting by the using Tadawulaty platform. Noting that the registration and voting in Tadawulaty service is available free of charge for all shareholders.

نموذج التوكيل غير متاح حيث سيتم بالاكتفاء بعقد اجتماع الجمعية العامة عبر وسائل التقنية الحديثة عن بُعد، ويمكن للسادة المساهمين المشاركة في الجمعية العامة عبر التصويت الإلكتروني باستخدام نظام تداولاتي. علماً بأن التسجيل فى خدمة تداولاتى والتصويت متاح مجاناً لجميع المساهمين.

We would like to inform you that there will be a live broadcast of the meeting through the link available in Tadawulaty system.

ونود الاحاطة بأنه سيكون هناك بث مباشر للجمعية وذلك عن طريق الرابط المتاح في نظام تداولاتي.

For any quires please contact Investor Relations Department at:

فى حال وجود أى استفسارات يرجى الاتصال على علاقات المستثمرين عن طريق:

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**Best Regards** وتقبلوا وافر التحية والتقدير